Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 33. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, JULY 20, 1901. NO. 102.

Fine Leather Goods

A large shipment of our ENGLISH IMPORTATIONS just opened. New styles. Better values.

POCKET BOOKS,	CIGAR CASES,
PURSES,	CIGARETTE CASES,
LETTER BOOKS,	HAND BAGS,

In all the best leathers, Lizard, Seal, Morocco, Walrus and Alligator, giving pretty effects with the Sterling Silver Mountings. Select one now and get the choice of the finest line in the city.

Challoner & Mitchell,

Jewelers, 47 Government Street.

It Will Pay You

To step in at our store and look at our fine stock of Groceries. The heedless reader who shuts his ears to advice and wets not the error of his way is liable to step in at the wrong place and get "soaked" for his carelessness.

TANGLEFOOT FLY PAPER, per box..50c.
ARMOUR'S PORK AND BEANS, 2 lb. tin .....17c.
SAUSAGE IN TOMATO SAUCE, ½ lb. tin .....15c.
ARMOUR'S DEVILLED HAM, ½ lb. tin.35c.

SPECIAL.

BASS'S ALE, QUARTS, 15c. EACH, OR $1.75 DOZ.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.,

CASH GROCERS.

J. Piercy & Co.

Wholesale Dry Goods.

21, 23, 25, 27. 29 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

Fresco Work AND Artistic Decorating

Having secured the services of Mr Paul Beygram, Fresco Artist, we are able to contract for all work in this line, and guarantee satisfaction

Get Our Prices on Show Cases and Store Fittings

J. W. MELLOR, 76-78 Fort Street

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD

Poultry Netting, Garden Tools,
Bone Mills, Lawn Mowers,
Garden Barrows, Paints and Oils.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD.

61 Yates Street Victoria.

J. & J. Taylor's
FIRE PROOF SAFES
And Vault Doors.
J. BARNSLEY & CO., Agents,
Government St. Guns and Ammunition

NOLTE
GLASSES ADJUSTED. 37 EYES TESTED FREE.
FORT ST.

OUTINGS.

Those who intend to camp for the next two months should call at the SANITARY FEATHER WORKS for Mattresses, Pillows, Cushions, etc. Prices reasonable. Phone 392. Free Delivery. COR. FORT AND BLANCHARD STS.

Hammocks! Hammocks!

At greatly reduced prices to clear.
FRUIT JARS.
Pints, 75c.; Quarts, 90c.; Half-Gallon, $1.25.
HASTIE'S FAIR,
77 GOVERNMENT STREET.

GET YOUR TENNIS GOODS from J. Barnsley & Co., 115 Government street. Kodaks and supplies.

Kingham & Co.

Have Removed

Their Coal Office to 34 Broad, corner Trounce Ave.
OFFICE TELEPHONE, 694.
WHARF TELEPHONE, 647.

FOR SALE 3 SPECIAL SNAPS

Corner lot and 5 roomed cottage, new, for..... $ 900
Lot and 6 roomed house, new, Stanley avenue, only 1,500
Large lot and 7 roomed modern house, James Bay, on car line, only 2,600

We solicit your Fire Insurance. We solicit your Life Insurance in the Equitable, which gives the largest results of any company.

$20,000 TO LOAN AT LOW RATES.

Offices, No. 2 View Street, "MacGregor Block."

Do You Drink Wine?

TRY

Perinet Fils Champagne

Pints, Quarts and Magnums.

Price reasonable. Quality the Best.

Hudson's Bay Co., Agents.

IF YOU WANT TO PURCHASE

Real Estate

Call and See

F. G. Richards

AT NO. 19 BROAD STREET.

From him you can get the best bargains to be had in Victoria in dwellings, either cottages or two story; also in building lots. Agents for the Phoenix, of Hartford, Fire. Money to loan at low rates of interest.

Remember the No.—
19 BROAD, CORNER OF VIEW STREET.

LEE & FRASER,

Real Estate Agents.

Lot, corner Stanley Ave. and Pembroke St.	$ 300
David St., full sized lot	400
97 acres in Saanich, good land, with dwelling, barn, stable, outbuildings, small orchard, etc., etc.	2,500
5 acres Wilkinson road, with improvements	950
Good business for sale in the city, buildings and stock	2,500

Several desirable homes over James Bay at reasonable figures.

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

9 and 11 Trounce Ave., Victoria, B. C.

Houses To Let and For Sale

In all parts of the city. Call at our office to examine our list.

Fire Insurance

Agents for The Scottish Union and National Insurance Co., The Atlas Assurance Co., Limited.

A. W. MORE & CO., LD.,

86 Government St., Next Bank of Montreal.

$2.00 PER 100 LBS.
NEW ISLAND POTATOES
FREE DELIVERY.
Sylvester Feed Co., Ld.,
CITY MARKET.

EXODUS FROM LONDON.

Season is Drawing to a Close and Society People Desert Metroplis.

(Associated Press.)

London, July 20.—London is fast emptying, the recent heat wave having given a final kick to the dying season. Great expectations socially are entertained for Cowes, where the presence of the King and Queen will give that necessary fillip which has been wanting to every fixture this year. King Edward has chartered his old yacht, the Britannia, for the Cowes regatta, and most of the habitues of Cowes will be there. One London paper hears that "the American yachts which will be at Cowes are expected to beat anything ever seen before in the Roads for luxury and splendor."

According to the latest interpretation of the British law the audience in a theatre can throw stones at the stage with impunity. A rowdy has been hauled up in a police court charged with throwing stones in a music hall at Hoxton. Six or seven stones were produced in court which had been picked up from the stage, but the magistrate held that in the absence of any witness having been struck by the stones or individual pelted by the thrower the prisoner must go free.

The Duty Of Liberals

Asquith Says They Must Recognize the Empire and Its Needs.

Domestic Reforms Should Also Receive Consideration—No Reference to Rosebery.

(Associated Press.)

London, July 20.—The dinner given last night to Herbert Asquith by thirty Liberal members of the House of Commons and three hundred and seventy other public men, which had been looked forward to for a month as an event that might result in the organized recession of the Liberal Imperialists, was a quiet and even dreary affair. Mr. Asquith's speech had been spoiled by the incidents of the week, especially by Lord Rosebery's letter to the City Liberal Club and by his speech later before that body.

Mr. Asquith spoke with deference of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, but did not mention Lord Rosebery. He referred in moderate phrases to his protest against the Liberal party identifying itself with the pro-Boer group, declaring that Liberals must recognize the Empire and its needs and then go in for domestic reforms.

The speech is generally regarded as not in any way altering the situation of the Liberals.

Lord Rosebery's allusion before the City Liberal Club yesterday to ploughing his furrow is considered cryptic, but as seeming to mean his possible re-entrance upon the responsibility of party leadership at a later period.

RESULT OF DRUNKEN ROW.

In Fight Between Greeks and Austrians One Man Was Killed and Six Wounded.

(Associated Press.)

Sydney, Neb., July 20.—Greek and Austrian railroad graders met here yesterday in deadly combat. Six Greeks were wounded and one Austrian was killed. A drunken row was the beginning of the difficulty.

TWO FIRES.

(Associated Press.)

Cincinnati, Ohio, July 20.—The old plant of the Globe Wernicke Co., on West Eight street, was partially destroyed by fire last night. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 20.—Fire destroyed the plant of the Indianapolis Bridge Co. and two large buildings of the Van Camp Packing Co. at an early hour this morning. The loss is $75,000.

TO ORGANIZE.

(Associated Press.)

St. Louis, Mo., July 20.—An international convention of delegates from the various metal trades unions of the United States and Canada will convene here on Sunday to organize an association to be known as National Metal Trades Council.

Fight in Steel Trade

Additional Men Stop Work in Obedience to President Shaffer's Instructions.

Employees in Several Other Mills May Join Strikers—Negro Labor Engaged.

(Associated Press.)

Pittsburg, Pa., July 20.—President Shaffer, when shown the statement of Warner Arms in New York concerning the non-union mills, said:

"Mr. Arms agreed to the scale for Salesburg and the old meadow mill at Scottsdale, non-union mills, as did the other representative of the United States Steel Corporation. Mr. Arms is reported to have said that he would sign for Monessen. I do not believe that Mr. Arms ever said that to the public, for he never made any such statement before the conference or to me privately, but I know he agreed to sign for two mills. If he is willing to sign for two, why not for all?

"This definition of the wage agreement is correct, whether it comes from Mr. Arms or not. I stated to the representative of the United States Steel Corporation, in conference, that I represented the men of Lindsay & McCutcheon's and Painter mills, and agreed to prove that I represented them by stating that they were at work at that time because I insisted that they continue work in the hope of reaching a settlement, and that if they, the representatives of the company, doubted my statement, I would prove it by closing these mills almost immediately. The men of these mills are showing now by ceasing work that they wish the scale to be signed. This is also true of the men at Clark's mill, and the likelihood is that if a settlement is not effected speedily the men in other supposed non-union mills will indicate their desire to have the scale signed."

Will Employ Negro Labor.

New Orleans, La., July 20.—Two men have come here from Pittsburg to get negro labor to take the places of the strikers in the steel mills of the United States Steel Corporation. They secured 50 men here and have received reports from agents in Anniston and Bessemer, Ala., that forty men have been secured there.

Miners Resume Work.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 20.—Operations were resumed to-day at the Avondale mine of the Lackawanna Coal Company, the striking firemen, who were members of the United Mine Workers, having returned to work.

Strike Declared Off.

Peoria, Ills., July 20.—The machinists, who have been on strike at three agricultural implement factories, have declared the strike off.

The Final Heats To-Day

Ideal Weather Prevails For Closing Events of Regatta at Philadelphia.

Toronto Argonauts and Winnipegs will Take Part in the Senior Eights.

(Associated Press.)

Philadelphia, Pa., July 20.—Weather conditions, as ideal as those of yesterday, prevail to-day for the final races of the annual regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen which will be rowed this afternoon, beginning at 3 o'clock. To-day's sport promises to be of the finest order, as the cream of the rowing world will measure strokes in several events. The programme includes the first, second and final heats of the intermediate singles; final heat in the intermediate four-oared shells; final heat in the association single, the winner of which will row for the championship of the United States next year; final heat in the intermediate doubles; final heat in the international fours; final heat in the intermediate pair oared shells; final heat in the senior eights and the dual contest for the national championship.

The race that is attracting the most attention is the senior eight, in which are entered the Vesper crew of this city, which won the world's championship at Paris last year, the Argonauts of Toronto, the Winnipegs and the New York Athletic Club.

Intermediate Fours (final)—Passaic B. C., Newark, first; Harlem R. C., New York, second; Clifton B. C., Staten Island, third. Time, 8.19.

Association Singles (final)—C. S. Titus, Union B. C., New York, first; Lem Marsh, Don B. C., Toronto, second; C. E. Johnstone, Winnipeg, B. C., third. Time, 9.46.

Intermediate Singles, First Heat—Lou Schoales, Don R. C., Toronto, first; John Moran, Columbia B. C., Alleghany, Pa., second. Time, 11.31.

Second Heat—James Miller, Columbia B. C., Allegheny, first; A. C. McCloskey, Pennsylvania B. C., Philadelphia, second; E. J. Hess, Century B. C., St. Louis, third. Times, 10.31.

THE KING'S PRIZE

Won at Bisley By Corp. Saunders, Queen's Rifle Volunteer Brigade, Edinburgh.

(Associated Press.)

London, July 20.—Corporal Saunders, of the Queen's Rifle Volunteer Brigade, of Edinburgh, won the King's prize. Saunders tied with Sergeant-Major Burr, of the First Hampshire Volunteers. In the shoot off the former gained the coveted distinction.

Bodley Wins Badge.

London, July 20.—In the rifle shooting contests held to-day at Bisley under the auspices of the National Rifle Association, the St. George's Vase was won by Private Mahy, of Guernsey, with a score of 116.

Sergt. Bodley, of Victoria, who was fifteenth with a score of 109, wins the National Rifle Association Badge and £9 sterling.

Prisoners at St. Helena

Col. Schiel, the German Expert, is Weary of Detention on Island.

He Offered His Services to the British—Gen. Cronje Says Little

(Associated Press.)

New York, July 20.—The British steamer Reading, now lying at Jersey City, has just arrived from St. Helena and Ascension. Capt. Fishley, of the vessel, speaking of the Boer prisoners on the island says:

"There are just 4,750 prisoners. Of these 17 per cent are Transvaalers and Orange Free Staters. The remaining 83 per cent. is made up of other nationalities in this order. Scandinavians, Germans, Italians, a few Russians, Irish, and even Englishmen, a handful of Scotchmen, a few Americans, a few Greeks, and scatterings from other nationalities. The number of Scandinavians is surprising. I found that many of the Scandinavians held masters' and mates' certificates. There were many desertions from Scandinavian ships in South African ports.

"At the St. Helena club, Jamestown, where the Boer officers write, play billiards, drink, smoke and lounge, I talked with Colonel Schiel, the German artillery expert. It is difficult to judge of his age. His hair and moustache are snow white, and his countenance ruddy and healthful. Col. Schiel is disgusted with his long imprisonment, and has offered his services to the British. He told me that in his opinion the Boers should have surrendered after the capture of Pretoria.

"Cronje is also weary of his detention, but says little. I was told that the proportion of native Boers is representative of their entire army."

Under Martial Law.

Durban, July 20.—In consequence of the Boers' raids into Natal and the support given the raiders by the Republicans, the military authorities have ordered all white men with their live stock, food stuffs and clothing, to evacuate all farms between the Tugela and Sundays rivers. Any white man remaining in this part of the country after July 31st will be subject to martial law.

FORCED TO PUT BACK.

Steamer Ophir Encountered Bad Weather and Had to Return to Albany.

(Associated Press.)

Perth West, Australia, July 20.—The British steamer Ophir, with the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York on board, which sailed from Adelaide on the 15th for Fremantle, was compelled by bad weather to put into Albany. She reports all well.

ARRIVED AT LISBON.

Capt. Blackburn Reaches Port From Gloucester in Twenty-Foot Sloop.

(Associated Press.)

Lisbon, July 20.—The 20-foot sloop, Great Republic, in which Captain Howard Blackburn sailed from Gloucester last month, has arrived here, the passage having occupied thirty-eight days.

TOLSTOI OUT OF DANGER.

(Associated Press.)

Tula, European Russia, July 20.—Count Leo Tolstoi, who has been critically ill, is now out of danger and convalescent.

Agreement Ratified

The White Fishermen Are Preparing to Commence Work on the Fraser.

Average Catch Last Night Was Fifteen to Twenty Fish Per Boat.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, July 20.—The Grand Lodge of Fishermen to-day ratified the agreemen to fish for the season at the terms stated yesterday. White men are all preparing to go out to-morrow night. The average catch was fifteen to twenty fish to the boat last night. On the river fish are scattered, but shoals of salmon are reported further south.

Mr. Forsman, president of the Alaska Packers' Association, and Mr. Drysdale, of San Francisco, who have bought Winch's cannery at Anacortes, arrived today aboard the private yacht Wigwam. They are inspecting local canneries.

Steamer Cottage City arrived last night from Skagway after the fastest round trip on record. She made the voyage in six days and seven hours, making five calls on the way down. News was brought that eight steamers on the upper Yukon are lying idle on account of the falling off of traffic.

PEASANTS DESTITUTE.

Forty Thousand Acres of Grain Destroyed by Storms and the Hessian Fly.

(Associated Press.)

London, July 20.—A dispatch to the Evening Standard from Odessa says that according to the reports of special agents the Siberian crops appear to be nearly a total failure as a result of the two months' drought. Such a hot and dry summer has not been experienced in ten years. The South Russian crop may be decided upon the whole as fairly an average, yet there are disastrous results in the southeast districts in the Ekaterinoslaff government, and an instance of the utter destruction of about 40,000 acres of grain by hailstorms and the Hessian fly. The worst of all are the Polga provinces. The peasantry of this vast region are practically destitute. The Russian minister of ways and communications is making active provisions for the timely transportation of food and other supplies from the south.

NANAIMO NOTES.

(Special to the Times.)

Nanaimo, July 20.—Stanley Craig, a leading manufacturer here, marries in Victoria this evening Miss Carrie Elizabeth Beers, also of this city.

T. O'Connel, oldest son of Thos. O'Connel, a prominent member of the pilotage board, was married this afternoon to Miss Hughes, of Chase river, at St. Alban's church, by the Rev. David Dunlop.

Captain Alexander Kirkwood, of the steamer Mineola, which is on the Nanaimo-Los Angeles run, will be married on Monday to Miss Ritchie, eldest daughter of a well known business man of this city.

George Pittendrigh, holder of the Dorothy medal and Hon. C. F. Cornwall's cup, which he won twice in succession, is unable, through pressure of business and illness, to defend them at this year's annual matches. The Nanaimo's team for the competitions are W. J. Macallen, Robert Adam, W. H. Wall, J. D. Quinn, James Dick and A. Baxter.

The funeral of Edmund Harrison, who was killed on Thursday night in Protection Island mine, took place this morning under the auspices of the Miners' Union. There was an immense turnout of men.

CANADIAN BREVITIES.

(Associated Press.)

Quebec, July 20.—According to reports received from surrounding districts the recent oppressive heat has had very detrimental effect on horses and cattle. Many cows have been found dead in the field, while numerous horses have also succumbed to the heat.

Chatham, N. B., July 20.—A gasoline stove in one of the cars of the Pan-American express train exploded on Thursday night, badly burning one and slightly burning another man. The car was loaded with ponies and caught fire, three of the animals being burned to death. One jumped from the car with its eyes burned out.

Chatham, N. B., July 20.—The Governor-General and party reached here yesterday afternoon and met with an enthusiastic reception. They leave to-day for Charlottetown.

Montreal, July 20.—Rev. E. M. Hill, pastor of Calvary Congregational church, of this city, has been offered the principalship of the Congregational College, in the place of Rev. Dr. George, who goes to Chicago.

B. P.'S CONSTABULARY.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, July 20.—Hon. Joseph Chamberlain cabled to Lord Minto to-day stating that the proper party to apply to for information concerning the South African constabulary was the chief staff officer, South Africa Constabulary, headquarters Transvaal.

This cable was sent in reply to a request from the militia department for information on this point, so that parties in Canada, who wanted information regarding Canadians there, might know with whom to communicate.

CHEAP HOMES

Small Deposit and Monthly Installments of $10 Each.

9 ACRES IN JAMES BAY, sub-divided into city lots; ten minutes from Post Office; prices from $375 upwards. For particulars apply to

B.C. Land and Investment Agency, Ld.,

40 GOVERNMENT STREET

Campbell's Prescription Store

We keep the largest stock of Drugs and Toilet Articles in the province.

Prescriptions promptly and carefully executed.

The Strike Of Trackmen

Grievance Committee Sent Out Circular Urging the Men to Stand Firm.

New Master Mechanic For Vancouver—Former Golf Champion of Canada Dead.

Montreal, July 19.—The grievance committee of the Brotherhood of Trackmen held a special meeting at the Grand Union hotel this morning, when it was decided to address another circular to members of the union still out on strike along the line. In it mention is made of a resolution passed at the meeting of firemen at Winnipeg, asking that further efforts be made to settle the strike, as their lives were placed in continual danger owing to unsafe conditions of the road bed. The committee still strongly urges the men to stand firm, telling them that their position is becoming stronger day by day, owing to the fact that the company is beginning to feel the need of experienced men to keep the road in a proper state.

At the office of the general manager of the C. P. R. reports received stated that trains on nearly all sections were running on schedule time. A large gang of Italians was about the station today looking for places left vacant by strikers.

Coming West.

Winnipeg, July 19.—Mr. Hall, general foreman of the C. P. R. shops, is to be transferred as master mechanic to Vancouver, and his position is to be filled by Mr. Baird.

Judgment To-day.

Judgment will be given in the Lisgar election case by Chief Justice Killam and Mr. Justice Dubuc to-morrow morning.

Gambling.

Toronto, July 19.—As a result of complaints that the police are not as energetic as might be in the suppression of gambling, Toronto is to have an inquiry which promises interesting developments.

Ex-Champion Golfer Dead.

Golf players in Canada will learn with regret of the death of Andrew W. Smith, ex-champion golf player of Canada. Mr. Smith died early this morning. He had been in poor health for some time, but on Wednesday he became suddenly worse. He was born in St. Andrews, Scotland, and it was there that he learned the game of which he was one of the founders in Canada.

Sad Accident.

Guelph, July 19.—An accident occurred on the farm of Frank Drexeler, Guelph township, in which his little three-year-old son Eddie lost his life. He wandered into a grain field, where a binder was at work, and as he was not observed by the driver, was caught in the knives. One leg was so badly injured that amputation was necessary, and all the fingers were taken off one hand. The child soon died from his injuries.

Declared Off.

Montreal, July 19.—F. X. Ledoux, United States consul at Three Rivers, and the church authorities or Bishop Cloutier, have come into conflict. The consul is a young man of intelligence and vigor, and has taken active interest in matters calculated to benefit citizens, physically and intellectually. Finding the city had nothing that could be called a book store without drawing on imagination that few books were in circulation among the mass of people, and that to get a book of fiction, poetry, or science by living or recent authors, it was necessary to send to Montreal, Toronto or the United States, he set himself about, and single-handed and at very considerable expense founded the Laviolette library. The library has been fairly patronized, but the church authorities from the beginning have looked upon it askance. Mr. Ledoux undertook to introduce theatricals, which he considered of good order, and to prepare for these had a skating rink fitted out with a stage, scenes, curtain, rooms and many hundred of chairs at a cost of several hundred dollars. The first play was advertised for last night. Some of the clergy took the matter in hand, remonstrated with the consul (who is a consistent Roman Catholic) and so far that play has been declared off.

CUT OFF FRIEND'S EAR.

London, July 20.—"Count Gabriel Kepesey, a first lieutenant in one of the Hussar regiments," says a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Buda Pesth, "was formally disgraced in Szegedin before the whole regiment.

"He made a dinner bet that he would cut off the right ear of one of his best friends, Caspar Kanyo, with his sabre. He then approached the unsuspecting Kanyo, and slashed off the ear. Kanyo shot at him with his revolver, but missed him. Then turning to the mirror and seeing himself without the ear, he turned his revolver against himself and fell dead. The colonel in degrading Kepesey warned the officers of the regiment against debauchery and drunkenness."

Cave & Son's shoe factory at Rushden, Eng., which was one of the largest in the Midland counties, was completely destroyed by fire yesterday. The drought curtailed the water supply and the fire department was consequently crippled. The damage amounts to £100,000.

TIBETAN DELEGATES

Pay a Friendly Visit to St. Petersburg—Press Comments on Mission.

St. Petersburg, July 19.—Akhorambo Atchwan Dorshieff, who has gained the favor of Dalai Lama of Tibet, came to Lhadiast in October and was received by the Emperor. He returned to Tibet and succeeded in persuading the Dalai Lima to send a special mission to St. Petersburg to open friendly relations with this country. This mission has arrived under the guidance of Dorshieff, and has been received by Count Lamsdorff. It consists of four persons, one of whom is Laloo, the Lama's second secretary.

The Russian newspapers attach much importance to this journey and no doubt properly it makes another step in the extension of Russian influence towards the Indo-Chinese possessions of France. The Russians regarded the establishment of a chain of communications across the Indian Empire and the permanent isolation of India from the Yang Tse Kiang as practically assured.

The Novoe Vremya regards the sending of this mission as proof that the influence of Russia in Manchuria has penetrated to Tibet, and there is no reason to doubt that active communication are maintained between Urga in Mongolia, where another Dalai Lama sits as regent, and Tibet. This journal thinks it only natural that Tibet should seek in Russia a protector against the "Greed of England," or that other outlying territories of China should turn their faces towards the "White Czar."

A good part of this and much more of the same sort in other papers is no doubt written for the Tibetan visitors.

Women will in future be admitted to the University of Helsingfor on equal terms with men. In Russia women are not yet admitted to the universities, but there are many women's colleges.

The Russian press as a whole has recently displayed much more moderation and benevolence in its treatment of the Finnish question than at any time since certain elements in Russia conjectured this spectre of Finnish separatism.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

A fierce electrical storm at Grove City, Pa., resulted in four deaths and the severe injury of three men. The dead men were laborers on railroad construction work.

Considerable uneasiness is felt at Tien Tsin following the resumption by the Chinese of the partial control of the city. The natives are cutting the telegraph lines outside of Tien Tsin and fears of further violence are entertained.

Cecil Rhodes and Dr. Jameson landed at Southampton yesterday from Cape Colony. They were met by Alfred Beit, the financier, and B. Hawkesley, counsel for the British Chartered South African Company, and other friends. Messrs. Rhodes and Jameson declined to discuss the African situation, saying they were no longer public men.

W. Clayton Pickersgill, C.B., H. B. M. consul-general for the Pacific states and territories, died yesterday at a sanitarium in Alameda to which he was conveyed on Sunday last from his summer residence in Santa Cruz mountains. Mr. Pickersgill had been seriously ill for some months past as the result of a long residence in the malarial regions of Africa, as a consular representative of the British government.

The strike situation at Pittsburg cannot be termed materially changed, although many rumors are in the air to the effect that a settlement of the troubles is imminent. President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association expresses entire satisfaction with the progress of the battle, and says the workers have gained steadily, while the manufacturers have lost continually since last Monday.

It Worries a Woman

To find her beauty fading, and feel her strength slowly slipping away. Worry only makes matters worse. In such a crisis the wise woman acts. She looks around for help, and finds it in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. No other medicine has done so much for weak and feeble women as "Favorite Prescription." It cures female weakness and diseases of the delicate organs which undermine woman's strength and mar her beauty. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

Mrs. W. J. Kidder, of Hill Dale Farm (Enosburg Center), Enosburg, Vt., writes: "Your kindly advice and medicines have brought me great relief. During the past year I found myself pregnant and in rapidly failing health. I suffered dreadfully from bloating and urinary difficulty. I was growing weaker each day and suffered much sharp pain at times. I felt that something must be done. *I sought your advice and received a prompt reply.* I took twelve bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and also followed your instructions. I began to improve immediately; my health became excellent, and I could do all my own work (we live on a good sized farm). I walked and rode all I could, and enjoyed it. I had a short, easy confinement, and have a healthy baby boy."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure foul breath, by curing its cause.

The Regular Meeting

Hospital Board Held Monthly Session Last Night—Routine Business Transacted.

Report of the Finance Committee Shows Increased Expenditure For Month of June.

There was a large attendance at the regular meeting the Jubilee hospital board held last evening. The business transacted was purely of a routine character.

A communication was read from Miss Gordon, who at the last meeting of the board had asked for a longer term of vacation than that usually granted. The board had at that time granted her the usual two weeks, and power to take longer provided she employed a substitute. Miss Gordon wrote pointing out that on two previous occasions nurses had been granted holidays beyond what was usually granted without having to provide a substitute for extra time.

In the discussion which followed on the reading of this communication R. S. Day stated that he thought the doctor and the head nurses should be granted a yearly vacation of three weeks. This, he said, would only be following the customary rule in the hospitals of big Eastern cities. He moved in accordance with his suggestion that from the 1st of July the resident doctor, matron and head nurse be granted an annual vacation of three weeks. The motion was seconded by J. D. Pemberton.

Although there was some opposition to this motion it was finally passed.

The Women's Auxiliary asked for the use of the hospital grounds for the annual garden fete. It was pointed out that the funds would be devoted to the hospital. The members of the board were also invited to attend. Permission was granted unanimously.

The doctor's report for the month was then read. The number of patients admitted was 61; number of patients treated 110; the total days' stay 1,481; the daily average of patients was 46.2, while the daily average cost was $2.03.

The board of directors' report stated that two applications had been received for admittance to the nursing school; one had been admitted as a probationer. Donations of magazines were received from Mrs. Braverman; old linen from Mrs. Wilby and Mrs. Earle; and flowers from Mrs. Parkerberry. The report was received and the donations were acknowledged with thanks.

The steward reported that the supplies were being delivered satisfactorily. In reference to the piggery, he stated that six pigs had been sold during the month.

The financial committee reported that accounts for June, amounting to $2,174.27, had been examined and were recommended paid. The salaries for June, amounting to $844.50, had been passed and ordered paid.

It was reported that the electric light report showed an increase of 25 per cent. during the past three months over the same period last year. This was accounted for by the increased consumption and by the different method of computing the accounts by the Electric Light Co.

The attention of the board was called to the fact that the total expenditure for the past month was over $3,000. The report was received and adopted; not, however, before considerable discussion had taken place as to the reason for such a marked increase in the expenditure.

The house committee in their report stated that requisitions had been approved and fly screens for the office windows ordered. The increase of the electric light account had also come to their notice and it was suggested that these accounts be compared with former accounts by the finance committee, who will endeavor to get more reasonable terms. An account for the flag pole had been received and referred to the ground committee. It was also reported that Messrs. Weiler Bros. would supply beds f.o.b. at Toronto at $8 each. It was recommended that 34 be ordered at once, being the number required to replace the remaining low beds in the wards. The Chinaman in the kitchen asked for an increase in wages from $12 to $14 a month. This was refused.

Messrs. Helmcken, Davies, Forman, Day and Wilson were appointed a special committee on building, on account of the extension to the hospital.

Permission was granted the doctor to have a form printed pointing out where each member of the staff would go and what he or she would do on the occasion of a fire in the hospital. Fire drills will also be held so that should the hospital by any possible chance catch fire the staff will know exactly how to act.

The meeting then adjourned.

PRIZE WINNING PUPPY.

The above is taken from a photograph of Dr. Lewis Hall's English setter Gen. Roberts. He was so named on account of having been born on May 30th, 1900, the day on which Lord Roberts entered Pretoria. The above represents him when eleven months old. At the recent bench show held in Victoria General Roberts carried off the first prize in the puppy class, and was pronounced a fine representative of the English setter. He is a great grandson of Lola Montez, on the sire's side. His grand dam, on the same side, shows for four successive generations champion blood. On the dam's side Gen. Roberts shows equally as good breeding, having a number of champions among his ancestors. Both his grand dam and grand sire on this side has the Gladstone strain of blood. Count Noble is also included among his ancestors on the dam's side.

MODERN WHEAT HARVESTING.

Of course the days of the cradle and hand-binding of the sheaves are far in the past, but it is not so long ago that the self-binder was a dubious sort of a machine with some uncertainty as to whether or not the band would hold the wheat together. The modern self-binder is not only lighter of weight and draught, but its action is marvellously accurate. No matter whether the wheat growth is tall or short, whether the sunflowers are mixed with the grain or jimson weeds wander among the rows, the driver with a pressure of a lever regulates the tension of the binding twine, and every bundle when it is thrown from the platform is as perfect as can be wished. The use of binding twine is so general that the industry of manufacturing it has become one of magnitude. The states of Kansas and Minnesota have state binding twine plants where the convicts of the penitentiary prepare the twine for farmers at cost. The state of Kansas will this year use about 12,000,000 pounds of twine at a cost of about two cents a pound, of which the state plant will furnish one-fourth.—Harper's Weekly.

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Diamond Dyes have won a fame and popularity in every land where families practice economy. By using Diamond Dyes you are enabled to have frequent changes of color in what you wear. At a cost of from ten to twenty cents you can make any faded dress, skirt, blouse, cape or jacket look as well as new. Send your address and we will mail you free of cost the Diamond Dye Cook Book. The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal.

THE FILIPINO WIFE.

"The Filipinos are much as the Spaniards have made them. The upper classes adhere closely to Spanish custom, so, barring certain foolish restrictions, and too much 'duenna,' the women are treated with the utmost respect and consideration. Among the lower-class natives conditions are more interesting. Long contact with the Spaniard has removed whatever prejudice concerning women there might have been in the Malay breast—for among his race in general she is looked upon as decidedly inferior—and now we are able to observe very amicable family arrangements in which the woman is the partner of her husband, and apparently regarded as of equal importance, though no particular deference is paid to her. In this martial partnership the wife is often the active member, displaying great energy, especially in goading her indolent spouse to effort. Sometimes one of these little women supports the whole household. Generally speaking, she is the more ambitious of the two, and if she does not actually perform all the labor of support, the fortunes of the family may be dependent on her wit and enterprise. It is not at all uncommon for a Filipino wife to apply to an American officer in charge of a department for a job for her husband. I do not mean to imply that the wife always takes the lead, but if she is capable of it, she is not held down by thongs of custom and prejudices. She is an industrious, cleanly little body; and she and her husband show a devotion to their children which is one of the most lovable traits in the Filipino character."—Ainslee's.

- ONE TEASPOONFUL of Pain-Killer in hot water sweetened will cure almost any case of flatulency and indigestion. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c. and 50c.

A Record Rifle Meet

Very Large Attendance of Marksmen Anticipated For Matches Here Next Week.

Soldiers and Sailors Will Strive For Honors—Chances For Young Shots.

On Thursday of next week, and continuing until Saturday evening, the annual meet of the B. C. Rifle Association will be held at Clover Point. This is the first time in many years that the matches have been held here, the limited range in Victoria having hitherto stood in the way of bringing off the events here. The construction of a first class range at Clover Point last year, however, removed all objection on that score, its extent now being ample for the requirements of the meet. Its location, while rather trying to young shots owing to the wind which generally prevails there, is a feature which is welcomed by the experts, as the conditions surrounding it are more like what is met with at Ottawa or at Bisley when the budding marksman reaches the honor of representation there.

The representation of marksmen promises to be unusually high and according to advices received from the secretary, Capt. Tite, of Vancouver, the attendance will be far in advance of the ordinary—and may even eclipse that of the record year, namely, 1896, when there were 106 competitors. This was the first year of the meet in Vancouver and owing to a variety of circumstances the attendance was very heavy. There are already close on one hundred marksmen who have signified their intention of being present at Victoria.

The presence of the regular soldiers and of the ships will enhance the interest in the events, there promising to be a capital contingent of bluejackets, engineers and artillerymen present to uphold the honor of the regular service. H. M. S. Amphion alone has entered fifteen men all through, while there are thirty-seven entries in the Westminster match.

The eight new targets will be employed and in addition the local association are preparing to utilize the five old ones making thirteen targets in all, thus insuring that the matches will be shot off expeditiously.

For the purpose of the meet the present dummy system will be discarded, and the sliding discs will be employed for signalling. The grass will also be cut, the telephone placed in good order and the whole range put in first class condition.

Some of the men will camp on the grounds, but the majority will seek accommodation in the city. Meals will be supplied at the Cliff house, where proper provision will be made for the accommodation of the marksmen. The dining room will be decorated with bunting and every preparation made for the comfort of those who patronize the hotel. Marquees will also be erected to further contribute to the comfort of the men.

In addition to the men from the Amphion already mentioned there are a large number taking part from the other ships in the harbor as well as from the barracks. Capt. Casement and a number of other officers have also signified their intention of taking part in the meet.

The markers and register-keepers will be supplied from the men of the Royal Artillery, Major Wynne having kindly consented to this arrangement, which will insure accuracy in the results. The markers will be under the charge of Sergt.-Major Mulcahy.

In addition to the men of the militia and of the regular services, a number of old time shots who cannot keep away from the butts are arranging to be present. These include Barry Forrest, Dr. Bell-Irving and other cracks from the Mainland, while the recently organized Veterans' Association of Vancouver Island will have a capable body of marksmen in the meet to uphold the prowess of the ancient warriors. Col. Hood, of Montreal, who is now in the city, will also shoot. Col. Hood has been a familiar figure at the Ottawa matches for years, as well as being on the council of the province of Quebec Rifle Association for some time. Another outsider who will shoot over the range next week is Capt. Thompson, of Sydney, N. S. W., who is a member of the militia forces there.

Some new faces will be seen from upcountry, where the recently organized companies of the Rocky Mountain Rangers have some excellent rifle associations, some of which will be represented at the Victoria gathering.

The absence of Victoria's four crack shots at Bisley, while regrettable, in one sense, will furnish a better opportunity for some of the less practiced shots to win good places. As eight new men will have to be selected at this meet to represent British Columbia at Ottawa, where they will be joined by the four now at Bisley, the Pacific Province will have excellent representation at the Dominion matches.

The new rule which will hereafter obtain that no shot can go to Bisley oftener than twice in four years will also operate to the encouragement of budding riflemen, increasing as it does their chances for getting in the aristocracy of the rifle.

The range officer has not yet been selected, but the name of this official with that of the gentleman selected to fire the initial shot will be announced later.

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Malt Breakfast Food

In Your Home.

The tens of thousands now using Malt Breakfast Food in Canada would not give up its use even if compelled to pay twice its present price. If you have not yet made trial of this delicious health food, you are missing a genuine treat each day. If you value body and brain vigor in the hot weather, try what Malt Breakfast Food will do for you. Once tried, it becomes a permanent friend. At all Grocers.

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A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126.

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JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned; contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; John Cochrane, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone 1709.

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SEWER PIPE, FLOWER POTS, ETC.—B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd., Cor. Broad and Pandora, Victoria.

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AGENTS make $200 per month selling our novelty machines; on application will send cut and prices. Foot Mfg. Co., Los Angeles, Cal., 337 Banchet street.

WANTED—Lad, to work in grocery store. Hardress Clarke, Douglas street.

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WANTED—For Union and Comox District Hospital, a nurse; also two probationers. Applicants for nurse please forward references and state salary expected. Probationers, usual terms; references required. Address Secretary.

TO LET.

TO LET—Comfortably furnished bedrooms. 252 Yates street.

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FOR RENT — Furnished housekeeping rooms; also bedrooms, for single gentlemen. Apply at 120 Vancouver street.

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FOR SALE—New house, just finished, and 2 lots, very cheap; 6 rooms, bath, sewer connection, etc. Apply on premises, 29 Stanley avenue.

FOR SALE—Cheap, wood sawing outfit, engine, boiler, saw frame and chopper; also a thirty-five horse power boiler. Apply William Godfrey, No. 9 Princess avenue, Victoria.

FOR SALE—Singer Sewing Machines sold, rented, or repaired by Samuel B. Sutton, 95 Fort street.

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BUSINESS OPENING—Successful business man, experienced, would invest one to three thousand in established business in Victoria, with services; insurance or commission preferred. Business, Times.

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ROOM AND BOARD, $20 a month; furnished room, $1, $1.50 and $2.00; at Osborne House, cor. Blanchard and Pandora. Mrs. Phil. H. Smith, proprietress.

SOCIETIES.

VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, meets first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas street, at 7:30 p. m.
H. S. ODDY, Secretary.

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$1,000, repayable in 120 months, at...$12.16
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And Other Sums in Proportion.
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Washed Nuts. .. $5.00 per ton
Sack and Lumps, $6.50 per ton
Delivered to any part of the city

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(Painted Green.)
4 ft. long.....$6.50 each
5 ft. long.....7.00 each
6 ft. long.....7.50 each
(Very Strongly Made.)

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Palmers' Hammocks
(Are the Best.)
We have a line at the following prices:
$1.25, $1.75, $2.25, $2.75, $4.00, $5.00, and can guarantee every one.

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Import Direct from the Largest manufacturers and thus have

The Right Goods at the Right Prices.

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Gold Medal Camp Chairs.....85c. each
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R. P. RITHET & CO., LD.
Pacific Coast Agents.

SHOW THE COLORS.

To the Editor:—Now that we have a fine flag pole in a suitable and conspicuous place in front of our far-famed parliament hill, who, among us, would object to seeing the colors of a thousand years still floating in the breeze, that our children and ourselves might know and learn to cherish the emblem of freedom handed down to us all through, marking our consequence among the nations? Rather might we expect opposition to its almost continuous absence from our view. Think of the capital of the richest province in the Dominion without a color. Absurd! Let it be the duty of some one to see that they are floating daily.

Expense! Why, that could be easily met by the legislative refreshment committee curtailing the conviviality at each session's close, by one basket of wine. Commence at the close of the August session (promised). Our flag being there, and being an object lesson to all, would be to our many visitors a sense of security and confidence, as they beheld the time-honored emblem metaphorically nailed to the graceful mast now struggling alone to adorn the government lawn.

All in favor say hi! and up she goes. Executive, attention! AMAN.

WHAT IS GOOD TOBACCO?

Color, burn and texture are the three things which the grower has chiefly to consider. At present the trade calls for a very light, cinnamon-brown shade, which must be uniform, not mottled. The leaf when rolled on a cigar and smoked must leave a white or light gray ash, which does not flake off and fall into one's bosom or over his waistcoat, and it must not "coal"—i. e., have a black, charred ring just below the ash on the burning cigar. This is sure to give a bad flavor and taste. The leaf must also burn freely, and when lighted hold fire for a reasonable time. It must have a soft, silvery texture, glossy surface, and the elasticity of a piece of kid, so that it may be drawn smoothly and closely about the cigar. Flavor is not wanted in Connecticut tobacco, for if there be much of it it is sure to be bad. Perfect burn, color and texture can be gotten in the northern climate, but a delicate and agreeable flavor has not yet been obtained. Flavor is conditioned largely by climate, the other qualities by soil and fertilizers. It is desirable, therefore, that the leaf be neutral, without taste, as far as may be. We get the flavor wholly in the Cuban filler. To obtain these qualities of leaf is the problem of the grower—a much more complicated one than meets the ordinary farmer.—Harper's Weekly.

The ink-plant of New Granada is a curiosity. The juice of it can be used as ink without any preparation. At first the writing is red, but after a few hours it changes to black.

Stars of the Diamond

Progress of the Big Leagues and Something About Their Players.

Vancouver Laid Low By Everett —Great Match Expected on Monday.

IN the East the universal opinion of baseball authorities is that the present season is the most successful since 1890. Not in years have the games received the enormous attendances that they have this season. On the fourth of July the attendance in the four National League cities was 68,198, while the American League cities drew 33,715, rain keeping the attendance down in Philadelphia. The revival of the game has been most marked in New York city. Three times this season there have been over 15,000 people to see a match. The Decoration Day crowd was the largest in history, 28,500, on the Saturday following 20,000 and on June 22nd 15,700.

There are, of course, the crowds attending games in the minor and amateur leagues to be considered. It has been estimated that no less than one million people attended ball matches on Decoration Day.

The National League.

The fight for the pannant in this league has altered considerably in the last two weeks. Pittsburg has taken the lead from New York and the New Yorks have dropped away back into sixth place, and the fans in the American metropolis are in consequence in the dumps. The great Mathewson kept the team well to the front for a while, but one winning pitcher can't do it all. Taylor, the mute, has proved a rank in and outer, and cannot be relied on. Phyle, Fisher and Doheny have been unreliable at the bat. St. Louis has been putting up a fine game, and has gradually worked its way into second place. Harper has been the mainstay in the box for the Mound City team, and at present leads the league pitchers in percentage of games won. The team also leads in batting and fielding. Philadelphia has also come up from sixth to third, the acquisition of Jennings, who plays first and captains the nine, seeming to have put new life into the team.

The champion Brooklyns are in fourth place, Boston in fifth and New York sixth.

Cincinnati, which led the race during the early part of the season, is in seventh place. Manager McPhee has been in hard luck with his "Reds" lately. Capt. Corcoran taking sick with typhoid fever started the bad luck. The fall down of Pitchers McFadden and Newton, and the utter failure of Rusie, came next. Now Steinfeldt, who has been covering second, has taken sick, leaving a catcher to take his place at second.

At present a lot of youngsters are being tried out, and it is questionable if the team will do much better than stay in seventh place. Chicago is hopelessly out of the race.

The standing of the clubs is as follows:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Pittsburg	43	29	.597
St. Louis	41	33	.560
Philadelphia	39	31	.557
Brooklyn	39	34	.534
Boston	33	33	.500
New York	33	31	.484
Cincinnati	30	40	.429
Chicago	26	50	.342

The American League.

Chicago still leads in the race for the pennant, although they have not got the large lead that they had several weeks ago. Boston has rapidly climbed up the list, and is now 115 points ahead of Baltimore, which is third in line. Boston is particularly strong in its pitching department, three of the pitchers being among the first five in the percentage of victories table. Baltimore and Detroit are tied for third place, Washington coming next with the Athletics of Philadelphia, Cleveland and Milwaukee in sixth, seventh and eighth places.

The standing of the teams is:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Chicago	47	25	.653
Boston	45	27	.625
Baltimore	34	29	.540
Detroit	34	29	.540
Washington	31	31	.500
Philadelphia	28	38	.424
Cleveland	27	44	.380
Milwaukee	24	47	.338

The Eastern League.

The Canadian cities in this league are making a fine showing now, Toronto being in second place and Montreal having came up from eighth to fourth, Toronto has a fine team this season, and stands a first class show of winning the pennant. The Worcester team has been somewhat of a disappointment, having been tooted sure winners at the beginning of the season. The race between Rochester, Toronto and Providence, the first three clubs, is very close and but 48 points separates Montreal, in fourth place, from Syracuse in last.

The official percentages are:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Rochester	43	22	.662
Toronto	37	21	.638
Providence	38	30	.559
Montreal	28	34	.452
Worcester	28	34	.452
Hartford	26	35	.426
Buffalo	26	37	.413
Syracuse	23	34	.404

Pacific Northwest League.

The Portland team still leads in this league, having a lead that none of the other clubs are likely to overcome. Tacoma is a poor second, Seattle third and Spokane last. The only race now on is for second place, and most likely Tacoma will hold that.

The standing of the clubs is:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Portland	32	13	.735
Tacoma	21	26	.445
Seattle	20	27	.426
Spokane	19	26	.404

Liners.

Hodge, who caught here for the Tacoma Greys and formerly played third base for Seattle, is now playing in left field for the Spokane League team.

Charles Zieumer, the crack catcher of the Pittsburg team, is 42 years old. He is considered one of the best receivers in the National League.

The once great Rusie has completely fallen by the wayside. The Cincinnati club carried him on their pay roll all spring, but the only work Rusie did faithfully was to draw his salary on the first and fifteenth of the month. He was given his release on the first of the month.

Billy Bergen, who leads all the catchers in the National League, was last year with the Wayne club in the Three "I" League, and was secured by Cincinnati by the draft rout. He is now considered the superior of his brother, Martin Bergen, who, when he was with Boston, was acknowledged to be the best catcher in the business.

Business has been so good on the boats on the Sound that they saw fit to add one game more a week to the schedule. They now play five games a week in place of four.

Everett Defeats Vancouver.

The Vancouver ball players yesterday got their bumps at the hands of the Everett team, which plays here on Monday. The Terminal City boys played rag time ball during most of the afternoon and lost the game on the most glaring errors. Donnelly pitched first class ball and was well received by Mackie, the regular Vancouver catcher, but his support in the field at critical moments was heartrending. In the very first inning, with two men out and three men on the bases, a slow grounder was muffed by Harvey, allowing one run to score. Harvey then picked up the ball and threw to Reid, who also muffed, allowing two more men to score.

The Vancouver boys did not play their regular team, being short of their fine third baseman Pero. Reid, who usually plays short, took Pero's place, and Pitcher Harvey covered short.

Law and Ballantine were the battery for the Everett nine, and were given silt edge support by their team mates. The same teams meet again this afternoon with different batteries. Shock and Pringle will be the battery for Everett and Harvey and Mackie for Vancouver.

The score by innings in yesterday's game was:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Everett	3	1	0	0	3	0	0	4	1	—12
Vancouver	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	— 4

Monday's Game.

The Everett team which plays here Monday is made up practically of all ex-league players. Both catchers have been with National League teams, Pringle with the champion Baltimores and Ballantine with Washington. Thornton, formerly pitcher of the Chicago team, is manager and captain. Buchan, the third baseman, formerly played that position on the San Francisco nine in the California League. Murdock played for Seattle in the Pacific Northwest League.

Thornton has a most wonderful pitching feat to his credit. While a member of the Chicago he pitched and won a seventeen-inning game against Brooklyn, shutting them out without a run. This feat has never been equalled.

Law is a left handed pitcher, and considered a comer. Shock is as great a man in Everett as Mathewson is in New York. They say he fairly burns the air, such is the speed.

The line up of the Everett team on Monday will be: Catcher, Pringle; pitcher, Shock; first base, Thornton; second base, Gallagher; short stop, Le Fean; third base, Buchan; left field, Lingham; centre field, Murdock; right field, Ballantine.

The local team had their last practice last evening, and are in the pink of condition, and can be expected to give a good account of themselves. The visitors will have their work cut out for them to add Victoria to their list of victories, and it is no odds to bet that they will win.

If Holness and Schwengers can put up the same kind of ball they have in the last few games the Everett boys will not score many runs, and it will then depend on the stick work of the team to win out.

The probable line up of the team will be: Catcher, Schwengers; pitcher, Holness; first base, Barnes; second base, Widdowson; third base, Neelands; short stop, McConnell; left field, Rourke; centre field, Harrison or Haynes; right field, Potts.

Geo. Smith will be umpire. The game will be called at 4 o'clock, so that all will be able to get away from business to see what will most likely be the most exciting match of the season.

TURF.

TROTTING RECORD.

Detroit, July 18.—Cresceus, the chestnut stallion owned and driven by George H. Ketcham, of Toledo, won the free-for-all trot this afternoon and incidentally trotted the fastest heat and won the fastest race record ever made. Charlie Herr, the brown stallion owned by David Cahill, of Lexington, Ky., and driven by Kelly, was the only opponent in this race and he was a slow second.

Cresceus won the first heat by five lengths in 2:06¾, breaking the racing record for this year on any track, and in the second heat he led by anywhere from five to ten lengths and finished easily in 2:05 flat, breaking the world's racing record.

SANDOWN PARK.

London, July 20.—Richard Croker's Altanova, filly, L. Reiff, won the Cobham plate of 200 sovereigns for two-year-olds and upwards, distance 5 furlongs, at the second days' racing to-day of the Sandown Park second summer meeting.

Summer Outings

Now is the season for outdoor amusements of all kinds. Why spoil your ordinary clothes when you can enjoy more comfort and save your clothes by wearing one of our

$5.75 FLANNEL SUITS

Grey Flannel Trousers, $2.75.
White Flannel Trousers.
White Drill Trousers.
Fancy Waistcoats, $1.50.
Cashmere Outing Shirts, $1, $1.25
White Canvas Tennis Shirts.
Washing Tubular Ties (the latest).
Dr. Deimel's Linen-mesh Underwear.
Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Wool Underwear.
All Sizes in Stock.

W. & J. WILSON,

83 GOVERNMENT ST.

LACROSSE.

MATCH THIS AFTERNOON.

In the Caledonia grounds this afternoon the Victoria and New Westminster clubs are meeting for the second time this year in battle array. The last match between them was won by the latter, and the locals are making a desperate effort to reverse the score. The teams and positions are as follows:

Victoria.	Position.	Westminster.
Norman	Goal	Cheyne
C. Cullin	Point	Gray
Milne	Cover Point	Galbraith
F. Cullin	Defence Field	Lynch
Dewar	Defence Field	Ronnie
Jesse	Defence Field	C. D. Peele
Tite	Centre	Turnbull
McDonell	Home Field	W. Gifford
Smith	Home Field	Rushton
Wilson	Home Field	T. Gifford
Dinsmore	Outside Home	Clarke
Lorimer	Inside Home	S. Peele

W. E. Ditcburn, F. Capt., J. J. Cambridge
Referee—F. Miller, of Vancouver.

YACHTING.

ENGAGING NEW HANDS.

Glasgow, July 20.—Sir Thos. Lipton has refused the demands of 15 of the sailors engaged by him to sail Shamrock II. in American waters for a bonus of £15, instead of the offered bonus of £8, and is engaging fresh hands.

CAREER AND CHARACTER OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

An address by Joseph Choate, Ambassador to Great Britain, on the career and character of Abraham Lincoln—his early life—his early struggles with the world—his character as developed in the later years of his life and his administration, which placed his name so high on the world's roll of honor and fame, has been published by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and may be had by sending six (6) cents in postage to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

STOP THAT HEAD COLD

In 10 Minutes.

Or it will develop into Chronic Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder stops cold in the head in 10 minutes, and relieves most acute and deep seated Catarrh after one application. Cures quickly and permanently. "I have used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder with best results. It is a great remedy, and I never cease recommending it."—John E. Dell, Paulding, O. Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.—9.

NEW REPAIR SHOP.

Messrs. Bullen, proprietors of the Esquimalt & Marine railway, are about to make some extensive improvements to the shipyard which will place it on a basis capable of competing with the largest concerns of its kind on the coast. The yard is already equipped with all facilities necessary for the successful handling of almost any vessel engaged in the commerce of the seas, but it has up till the present been more or less dependent on different shops in the city for repair work which might be required on any craft. To overcome this inconvenience to a certain extent the Messrs. Bullen are now about to erect a repair shop immediately adjoining the ways. The first two carloads of machinery for this improvement arrived this morning, consisting of punches, shears, derricks, rolls, shop cranes, etc. The cranes will be so adjusted that they will connect with the cradle of the ways and run if necessary to any part of the ship. The work of installing the new plant will be commenced immediately, and will be carried forward to completion without delay.

PILOT FROM ST. MICHAELS.

Tug Pilot, Captain Cutler, which towed a couple of scows north to St. Michaels, is back in port. She arrived last night, having made the northern port the following day after the seal of the Ice King had been broken. She was delayed about 24 hours by the floes, but otherwise made good progress. It was July 5th when a start for home was made. On the trip south the schooner Favorite was spoken in lat. 50, long. 140, and another schooner was sighted about 400 miles south of Unimak Pass. A fleet of four steam whaling schooners were in St. Micheals, namely, the Belvedere, Karluk, Jeanette and William Baylies. They have been out from San Francisco four months, and the Belvedere made almost a record-breaking catch of nine whales. Of the other three, the Karluk has taken one whale and the other two none. One of the whales taken by the Belvedere was found dead near Nome, it having evidently been killed by whalers from another vessel and lost. It was in a badly decayed condition and no attempt was made to get the oil, its head being cut off and the bone extracted.

The Belvedere is the only one of the fleet now out that saves whale oil, the others saving only the bone. Whaling at present has lost many of the features of olden days, and the present cheapness of whale oil has caused many vessels to go out on a season's cruise without any barrels on board.

In addition to the whaling fleet there was quite a large fleet of river steamers in port. Those from Dawson reported a great deal of sickness among the Indians along the lower Yukon, measles, pneumonia and other diseases being, it is said, quite prevalent. It is estimated that 1,500 people came down the river from Dawson, and were awaiting transportation south.

NEW HONOLULU LINE.

The steamers Meteor, Eureka and Tampico, which are all en route to San Francisco from the Eastern coast with cargoes of coal, are said to be intended for a new line to be established between Seattle and Honolulu by the Globe Navigation company. The Meteor is to be specially fitted up for the transportation of fruit on return trips from the islands, and for this purpose will have a cold-storage plant installed upon her arrival at San Francisco.

MARINE NOTES.

Schooner Prosper was wrecked on the Nome beach on June 25th. She was driven ashore in a heavy gale.

TIDE TABLE.

Victoria, B. C., July, 1901.

(Issued by the Tidal Survey Branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.)

Day.	Day.	High Water.		Low Water.	
		T'm.	Ht.	T'm.	Ht
		h. m.	ft.	h. m.	ft.
1	M...	0 08	8.5	10 06	7.5
2	Tu..	0 40	8.5	10 10	7.5
3	W...	1 20	8.4	10 60	7.4
4	Th..	2 06	8.1	38.52	7.4
5	F...	2 56	7.7	18 57	7.5
6	Sa..	3 52	7.1	19 16	7.7
7	Su..	5 13	6.3	19 42	7.8
8	M...	7 40	5.7	20 12	8.1
9	Tu..	10 15	5.5	20 45	8.5
10	W...	12 45	5.9	21 20	8.7
11	Th..	14 29	6.4	21 58	9.0
12	F...	15 32	6.9	22 39	9.2
13	Sa..	16 22	7.3	23 23	9.2
14	Su..	16 58	7.5	...	...
15	M...	0 10	9.0	17 22	7.5
16	Tu..	1 01	8.7	17 36	7.5
17	W...	1 56	8.3	17 49	7.5
18	Th..	2 54	7.8	17 46	7.5
19	F...	3 52	7.2	18 01	7.6
20	Sa..	4 56	6.5	18 24	7.7
21	Su..	6 09	5.8	18 54	7.8
22	M...	7 46	5.3	19 28	7.9
23	Tu..	...	...	20 04	7.9
24	W...	...	...	20 39	7.9
25	Th..	...	...	21 14	8.0
26	F...	...	...	21 48	8.1
27	Sa..	...	...	22 25	8.2
28	Su..	...	...	22 06	8.3
29	M...	17 51	7.3	23 35	8.3
30	Tu..	17 33	7.2	...	...
31	W...	0 51	8.2	17 17	7.2

Day.	Day.	High Water.		Low Water.	
		T'm.	Ht.	T'm.	Ht
		h. m.	ft.	h. m.	ft.
1	M...	8 43	1.0	20 12	7.4
2	Tu..	9 18	0.8	21 02	7.4
3	W...	9 56	0.7	21 55	7.1
4	Th..	10 57	1.0	22 58	6.8
5	F...	11 29	1.5	...	...
6	Sa..	12 04	2.2	...	...
7	Su..	12 49	3.0	...	...
8	M...	2 20	4.0	13 35	5.9
9	Tu..	3 30	5.5	14 23	4.8
10	W...	4 38	2.5	15 13	5.7
11	Th..	5 23	1.9	16 05	6.4
12	F...	6 14	1.1	17 01	6.9
13	Sa..	6 56	0.6	18 04	7.2
14	Su..	7 37	0.4	19 16	7.2
15	M...	8 19	0.3	20 12	7.0
16	Tu..	9 01	0.5	21 11	6.7
17	W...	9 42	0.9	22 08	6.3
18	Th..	10 22	1.5	23 03	5.8
19	F...	11 01	2.1	...	...
20	Sa..	11 39	2.8	23 55	5.0
21	Su..	12 16	3.8	...	...
22	M...	12 49	4.6	...	...
23	Tu..	...	...	...	...
24	W...	...	...	...	...
25	Th..	...	...	...	...
26	F...	...	...	...	...
27	Sa..	...	...	...	...
28	Su..	...	...	...	...
29	M...	13 04	7.2	...	...
30	Tu..	13 47	6.6	...	...
31	W...	14 30	6.6	...	...

The Time used is Pacific Standard for the 120th meridian West. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight.

A COOL PROPOSITION

And a Sure One.

The Body Does Not Feel Heat Unpleasantly If You Use

GRAPE-NUTS

KEEP COOL FROM PROPER HOT WEATHER FOOD.

People can live in a temperature which feels from ten to twenty degrees cooler than their neighbors enjoy, by regulating the breakfast.

The plan is to avoid meat entirely for breakfast; use a goodly allowance of fruit, either cooked or raw. Then follow with a saucer containing about four heaping teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts, treated with a little rich cream. Add to this about two slices of entire wheat bread, with a meager amount of butter, and serve one cup of Postum Food Coffee.

If one prefers, the Grape-Nuts can be turned into the cup of Food Coffee, giving a delightful combination. By this selection of food the bodily energy is preserved, while the hot, carbonaceous foods have been left out. The result is a very marked difference in the temperature of the body, and to this comfortable condition is added the certainty of easy and perfect digestion, for the food is readily worked up by the digestive machinery.

Experience and experiment in food and its application to the human body has brought out these facts. They can be made use of and add materially to the comfort of the user.

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Run of the Mine,
Washed Nuts and Screenings
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The Daily Times.

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EMERY'S CIGAR STAND, 23 Government street.
KNIGHT'S STATIONERY STORE, 75 Yates street.
H. GEO. MASON, Dawson Hotel Entrance, Yates street.
VICTORIA NEWS CO., LTD., 86 Yates street.
VICTORIA BOOK AND STATIONERY COMPANY, 61 Government street.
T. N. HIBBEN & COMPANY, 69 Government street.
O. B. ORMOND, 92 Government street.
F. CAMPBELL, Tobacconist, 92 Government street.
GEORGE MARSDEN, News Agent, corner Yates and Government.
H. W. WALKER (Switch Grocery), Esquimalt road.
W. WILBY, 91 Douglas street.
MRS. CROOK, Victoria West post office.
POPE STATIONERY COMPANY, 119 Government street.
G. N. HODGSON, 57 Yates street.
T. REDDING, Craigflower road, Victoria West.
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Orders taken at Geo. Marsden's for delivery of Daily Times.

A HAPPY ENDING.

The strike of the salmon fishermen in British Columbia has been settled just in time. The first big run of fish is reported to be making its way towards the river May fishermen and canners reap a rich harvest and the strife of the last few weeks be forgotten in thankfulness for the bounties of Nature.

Into the merits or rights of the case it is not possible for outsiders to enter with any hope of fixing responsibility for the dispute. On the one hand there is the statement of the canners that above a certain figure per fish they could not go with justice to those who look to them for dividends. They point out that the business has almost ceased to be remunerative on account of the competition of United States concerns which have to contend with no regulations designed to perpetuate the industry. On the other the fishermen hold that the prices offered by the owners are not reasonable, and they too submit figures in proof of their contention. Foreigners are on hand in great numbers ready to undertake the work which the union men refuse, a condition of affairs which any reasonable person will admit was not calculated to turn discord into harmony. The labor leaders were irreconcilable in spite of all the efforts of Labor Commissioner Bremner to induce them to agree to terms which would be acceptable to the canners. Violence was threatened and illegal acts were committed, although there is no reason to suppose that anything serious has resulted. Superintendent Hussey of the provincial police has performed his part at a critical time with the judgment and coolness for which he has become noted, and there is no doubt that it is largely owing to his rare tact that a matter which at one time looked so serious has had a satisfactory ending. It has been demonstrated that law and order are supreme in British Columbia. The greater number of the Japs may have obtained their naturalization certificates by fraudulent means. The Attorney-General showed that he believed there had been illegal acts in connection with the admission of the men to the rights of British subjects when he cancelled the commission of the one who had been most active in "swearing them in." He rested from his labors when he had performed that arduous task. Perhaps it was not possible for him to do more. But he might have tried. In any case the Japs were in the river and they claimed to be British subjects. It was not the business of the officers of the law to inquire into the why and the wherefore. It was their duty to protect law-abiding people who desired to pursue a lawful calling. They did protect them most effectively, and it is due in a large measure to the lesson inculcated by Superintendent Hussey and his staff that the strike is at an end to-day and there is a reasonable prospect of British Columbia receiving the full benefit of one of its chief industries. There is only one respect in which the conduct of the police is open to adverse criticism. The Japs should not have been allowed to go upon the water armed. By doing so they set an example to those who antagonised them and invited attack. There is no necessity for any man to carry arms in this country. It is a mischievous habit and is the principal cause of the shedding of human blood that is one of the chief blots on the record of the United States.

A PROPHET.

Lord Rosebery has made two significant speeches within a week. He has roused the whole empire and startled the world to attention, but it is doubtful if his words will breathe new life into the dry bones of present day Liberalism. The ex-Premier is awake to the possibilities of the future. He sees that the great mass of the British people put patriotism before party and that the only hope for the forces which Gladstone led lies in putting aside the petty cries of the politician and appealing to the electors on a broad imperial policy. It has become a habit with a certain class of people to sneer at Chamberlain. The Secretary for the Colonies is practically the power which keeps the supine Toryism of to-day moving. Mr. Chamberlain perceives that the conditions in the world have changed; that the relative position of the United Kingdom is not what it once was. Other powers with greater natural resources have not only begun to manufacture for themselves, but have entered into competition at home and abroad with the nation which was once the workshop of the world. Great Britain has managed to stand alone in the past, but her position was never really one of splendid isolation until the present time with hostile commercial legislation aimed at her from all quarters. The statesmen of the old school who rule the government are not moved by any of these things. They believe in bunting, along in the good old way which has served the army so well, but has proved so costly, and in trusting to luck to make all things right in the end. Lord Salisbury has passed the meridian of life, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is too conservative to think of departing from the paths his predecessors have walked in for years, while Mr. Balfour is not possessed of the energy to even suggest that old things have passed away and that it is time to enter upon a new and higher national career. The appearance of harmony must be kept up. It is noticeable, however, that when the question of the relationship between the Mother Country and the colonies is under discussion and the usual deprecatory remarks are being indulged in by the pessimists on both sides of the House Mr. Chamberlain opens not his mouth. He has his own opinion upon these matters, and it is practically identical with that of Lord Rosebery. There is but one interpretation to be put upon the speeches of the Colonial Secretary. He also believes that the time has come for a change in the relationship which exists between the Mother Country and her colonies. Like Rosebery he perceives that the present conditions cannot continue without danger of apathy, followed by separation. The fires of patriotism have been kindled by recent events, and it is felt that the time to act is near at hand. True Liberals are appealed to to come out from the midst of those who would rend the empire into fragments and would rejoice at its downfall.

When the present war is at an end a question of still greater dimensions will loom up on the political horizon for contemplation by the British people. The Tories will not face it and the rump of Whigism will have nothing to do with it. With men of courage and ability like Rosebery and Chamberlain to lead there is a possibility of the political affiliations of years again being cast aside and a new and greater Unionist party being formed.

The suggestion of "Anon" is worthy of the serious consideration of the government. The flag should be kept flying even if it be necessary to appoint an extra official to hoist it daily. Government employees are so notoriously hard worked that if the additional duty were imposed upon one of hoisting and lowering the national colors daily his constitution would surely break down. The proceedings during the closing ceremonies of the last session were so seemly and decorous that we consider our correspondent to be somewhat unreasonable in suggesting that the "pruning knife" should be applied to the wine bill. A legislature which served its masters so faithfully as ours did is entitled to the privilege of "cutting loose" for a time when its comparatively unremunerative labors are at an end. The colors should be kept aloft also because of the educative effect they would have upon the minds of the many United Statesers who come over to pay their respects to us. Many of them have never seen any other flag than the Stars and Stripes, and some probably think as it is the only emblem of liberty it is the only flag that is entitled to float in the free breezes of heaven. The sight of an occasional British flag might set their minds working and their faculties reasoning, and the time might come when even the politician would be able to gaze upon our inoffensive but potent symbol of power, liberty, toleration and equality without being seized with a frenzy. Thus there are many reasons why the flag should be kept up, but the chief one is that this is the capital of a British province and we have no reason to be ashamed of our colors.

Canadians have again put their feet into it. They are accused of standing in the way of a settlement of all the outstanding difficulties between Great Britain and the United States. We are said to have raised the Alaska question again and demanded a piece of United States territory. We read one meaning into a treaty and our neighbors read another. All we ask is that some independent authority shall decide which interpretation is right. Americans will not agree to that and are inclined to presume upon their might as a nation in vindication of the strength of their claim. That is hardly consistent in such an ardent advocate of the settlement of the disputes of other powers by arbitration. Then the result of the reference of the difficulties we have had with our neighbors in the past has not been such as to impress us or them with the accuracy of their interpretation of treaties or international law. We shall probably keep on agitating until our importunities have the desired effect. The displeasure of our friends we are sorry to be obliged to provoke, but they may rest assured that even threats of chastisement will have no effect. They do not mean it when they talk like that.

* * *

Now if the C. P. R. and its employees and the mine owners and their miners would get together and arrive at an understanding it would be well for the prospects of British Columbia. These latter two strikes are not creating quite so much fuss, but the parties are none the less earnest. The fight will be a stubborn one in both cases.

* * *

The Ottawa authorities have decided to put a curb upon the ambition of the address fiend. That is the most sensible move that has yet been made in connection with the visit of the Royal pair.

THE OLD, OLD FIGHT.

S. E. Kiser in Chicago Record-Herald.

Hear the wrangling and the jangling over creeds,
Hear the sinner tell the godly what he needs;
They argue through the day time and they argue through the night,
They expound from dry goods boxes and they preach and prate and write;
They are setting up new gods and tearing old beliefs in shreds,
And, like the circling ripples, the commotion ever spreads—
They talk until they're tired,
Each believing he's inspired,
Each believing there's importance in the little light he sheds.

They are starting new religions every day,
They are daily putting old beliefs away;
They are dropping this and that and they are building up anew,
Every tinker thinks he only knows the course we should pursue;
They are groping, they are hoping, they are stumbling in the gloom,
Every day or two some prophet starts himself a little boom;
Higher, higher, ever higher,
They keep shouting in their ire,
With no one sure of anything except the waiting tomb.

The man of science wisely shrugs his shoulders and explains
That all the rest are crazy, and is laughed at for his pains;
The preacher preaches gravely and the atheist proceeds
To smash the church to pieces and to tear apart the creeds—
But it's just the same old battle that has oft been fought before,
That has lasted through the ages and is fought on every shore,
And the shouting ones who go it,
All believing that they know it,
Know as much as you and I do—merely that and nothing more.

UP TO MR. HOUSTON.

Nelson Miner.

The muckers should have three dollars a day, as the union scale provides, and those mine managers in Rossland who continued the old rate of pay should be hanged, drawn and quartered. That is the position taken by the hon. member for Nelson, through his newspaper, the Tribune. He blames those managers for the strike, says they are a curse to the country, and ought to be driven out of it. There is no limit to the abuse, and all because the pay of muckers was not advanced to the figures mentioned at the very first asking. The C. P. R. trackmen were getting $1.40 a day and struck for $1.60, yet we do not see a word in censure of the C. P. R. for refusing the advance. A trackman is as good as a mucker, and works as hard and as skilfully, but Mr. Houston is satisfied that he should toil on for his $1.40 a day, while his extremely rich vocabulary of abusive epithets is exhausted in denouncing the men who refuse the poor muckers their $3.00 a day. This is a sort of consistency that successfully evades public comprehension. It is not a question of fair wages with this distinguished member of the legislature, however, but rather a policy actuated by malice on the one side and fawning on the other. The workingman is dear to Mr. Houston precisely in proportion to his ability to use him.

OUR LANGUAGE.

London King.

At a table of German and English students recently, one pleased little German was keen on showing his knowledge of English. Every sentence of his was bound to contain hayve and alretty; a bit of slang was as ponderous to him as the voice of an oracle, and the English th was simply impossible. He commenced brokenly on the bowket on the table, and the gaynoso in M's buttonhole.

But the climax was reached in answer to a question put in good German:

"Are you going to the lecture to-night, Herr B.?"

"Ach, no!" with a wave of his hand; "der ghost is retty, but der meat is feeble."

Then the quiet man straightened out our wrinkled brows by suggesting that possibly he meant, "The spirit is willing, but the flesh is weak."

WHY IS IT?

Inland Sentinel.

Why is this? A C. P. R. special constable charged with intimidating an Italian by threatening him with a revolver, is committed for trial, and get bail. A white fisherman charged with being a party to the kidnapping of certain Japanese, and whose preliminary hearing is postponed, is refused bail. There seems to be something wrong somewhere.

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ld.
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The Churches.
Services Tomorrow

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

Morning preacher, Canon Beanlands; evening preacher, Rev. W. B. Allen. The musical portion is as follows:

Matins.

Voluntary—Andante	Spohr
Venite	Barnby
Psalms	Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum	McPherson
Benedictus	Troutbeck
Jubilate	
Anthem	
Hymns	4, 537 and 302
Voluntary—Festal March	Naaman

Evensong.

Voluntary—Melodie	Victor Hawnuciel
Processional Hymn	298
Psalms	Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat	Smart
Nunc Dimittis	Barnby
Anthem	
Hymns	300, 477 and 545
Recessional Hymn	274
Voluntary—March of Israelites	Costa

ST. JOHN'S.

To-morrow there will be morning prayer at 11 and evensong at 7, the rector, Rev. Percival Jenns, being the preacher at both services. The musical arrangements are as follows:

Morning.

Organ—Lord of All Power and Might	Mason
Hymns	370, 214 and 274
Organ—Credo in C	Mozart

Evening.

Organ—What Tho' I Trace	Handel
Hymns	527, 245 and 437
Organ—Offertoire in C Minor	Tletz

ST. SAVIOUR'S.

Holy communion at 8 a. m., morning prayer at 11 a. m., Rev. C. E. Sharp; evening prayer at 7 p. m., Rev. W. D. Barber.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL.

Bishop Cridge will preach in the morning on "Godliness—Profitable for All Things." Dr. Wilson in the evening on "The Unclean Spirit Going Out of a Man."

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN.

The pulpit will be occupied by the Rev. D. A. Stewart. The musical portion follows:

Morning.

Organ—Communion	Guilmant
Psalm	69
Anthem—Holy, Holy, Holy	Vogler
Hymns	108, 90 and 67
Choir—Cast Thy Burden	Callcott
Organ—Allegro	Harris

Evening.

Organ—Largo	Handel
Psalm	58
Anthem—O, Lord, How Manifold	Barnby
Hymns	243 and 375
Solo—Rock of Ages	W. H. Jude
	F. Waddington.
Organ—Recessional	Batiste

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN.

Morning service by Mr. Tait; evening service by the Rev. Dr. Campbell; theme, "The Christian's Assurance of Salvation."

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. Dr. Campbell, pastor. Rev. D. James, of San Rafael, Cal., will preach in the forenoon, and J. P. Smith and Professor Miller will conduct a temperance evangelistic meeting, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., in the evening, beginning at 7 o'clock.

METROPOLITAN METHODIST.

Rev. E. S. Howe, pastor. The Rev. Geo. W. Dewar, of Manitoba conference, will preach both morning and evening at 11 and 7. Morning subject, "Hidden Springs"; evening subject, "The Closed Door." Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.

VICTORIA WEST METHODIST.

Morning service will be taken by J. Sherk. Evening, "The Christian's Faith," by the pastor, Gordon Tanner, B. A. The Epworth League will distribute pictures on the subject of the sermon to the congregation.

CALVARY BAPTIST.

Rev. J. F. Vichert, M. A., pastor. The pulpit will be occupied morning and evening by the Rev. D. Holford, of Cranbrook and Fernie. Morning subject, "The Holy Spirit's Relation to the Christian"; evening subject, "The Two Brothers." Sunday school and Bible class, 2:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 8 p. m.

EMMANUEL BAPTIST.

Rev. J. G. Hastings, M. A., pastor, will preach morning and night. At 11 a. m., "The Spirit of Life in Christ Jesus"; 7 p. m., "A Fresh Start." Sunday school and Bible classes, 2:30. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 8 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. R. B. Blyth, B. A., pastor. Rev. Wm. McIntosh, of Ottawa, will preach morning and evening. Sabbath school at 2:30 p. m.; C. E. meeting at 8:15 p. m. The Emerald Duet will sing at the evening service.

SPIRITUALISM.

R. H. Kneeshaw will lecture at 150 Chatham street at 7:30 p. m., on subjects taken from the audience. Clairvoyance and improvisations at the close of lecture.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS cure backache, sideache, scanty, cloudy, thick and highly colored urine, diabetes, dropsy and all troubles arising from a weak condition of the kidneys.

REMEMBER!
That All Our
Groceries and Provisions
Are Sold At
CASH PRICES.
Deaville Sons & Co.,
Hillside Ave., Victoria.

VERY EXPLOSIVE WOOD.

Difficulty in Disposing of Casks That Have Held Nitro-Glycerine.

"One of the most puzzling of the many difficult problems that confront our trade is how to get rid of the empty casks that have contained nitro-glycerine," said a manufacturer of explosives. "The wood of the casks becomes so saturated with nitro-glycerine that in explosiveness it equals the nitro-glycerine itself."

"It does not pay, nor is it safe, to refill the casks. To burn them is out of the question. If left around they are a constant menace, for while all men are prone to show their respect for a dangerous explosive, there are few that think that harm can come of a kick at an empty barrel. There is nothing to do but to explode the casks.

"This is generally done by placing them on open ground and firing a rifle bullet at them from a safe distance. The concussion produced by the bullet is more than enough to bring about an explosion, and there is one good thing about those casks when they go off—there are no fragments to pick up.

"When I said that the shock of the bullet was more than sufficient, I meant every word of it. To prove this, I'll just tell you what happened at our factory not so very long ago. Two empty nitro-glycerine casks were to be blown up. Three men with a team of horses, a wagon, and a rifle set about the business. They reached the spot selected for the explosion in safety, and lifted the casks to the ground.

"One of the casks was carried to a proper distance. The other was left standing near the wagon. The man who was to do the shooting then conceived the idea of leaning his rifle against the top of this second cask to get a better aim. He thought this was safe, because he knew that the recoil of the rifle was almost unnoticeable.

"Well, when he fired there were two simultaneous explosions. His bullet hit its mark and did its work. At the same time the other cask was exploded by the slight jar produced by the firing of the shot. The three men, the two horses, and the wagon were literally swept off the earth, and when, a few moments later, you passed the spot where they had stood, it was hard to believe that they had ever existed. The largest fragment recovered after the explosion was a harness buckle."

FISHES AND THEIR EGGS.

Birds, which hatch their young from eggs, are pre-eminent for their parental care, fashioning nurseries with extraordinary ingenuity and skill, and giving unwearied attention to the brood until they are fledged and able to fly. Fishes, which are two steps lower in the ladder of life, also, as a rule, send their young into the world in the shape of eggs; but from the nature of things are unable to lavish on them the same elaborate care. To a large extent they are at the mercy of storms and tides, and have few facilities for the enjoyment or the comforts of home-life. Eggs which are simply shed in the open sea, and float where the tides are able to carry them, cannot be guarded by the parents; but they have a protection peculiarly their own in being so transparent as not to be easily distinguished from the water itself.

Even when contained in small numbers in a bottle of sea-water, they can hardly be seen. But fishes, like other animals, love fresh eggs; and, in spite of their transparency, find and eat them. The eggs are often so numerous that the hungry fishes need only open their capacious mouths, and strain the water through their gill openings, to ensure an excellent meal. The eggs which sink to the bottom and adhere to stones and shells are more troublesome to gather, but they are a great attraction to many fishes. For instance, haddocks often lose their lives while stealing the eggs of herring: for they resort to the beds where the herrings spawn and the trawlers, knowing this, go after and capture the haddocks.—Exchange.

For cuts, wounds, rheumatism, stiff joints, burns, scalds, bites of insects, croup, coughs, colds, Hagyard's Yellow Oil will be found an excellent remedy.

The bodies of a man and woman, found with their wrists fastened together by a strap in the River Medway, near Maidstone, have been identified. The man was Thomas Faulash, cab proprietor, of Paddock Wood, who leaves a widow and several children; and the woman the wife of an artisan, residing at Chatham.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

JAS. LEIGH & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
SHOW CASES, STORE
—AND—
OFFICE FITTINGS in hard and soft woods, SASH & DOORS
Designs and Estimates Furnished on Application.
Point Ellice Mills, - Foot of Pleasant and Turner Sts.

Do You Know Why?
Our brands of Teas and Coffees are so much in favor and the demand for them increasing every day?
BECAUSE they have the qualities that please. They are sterling value and always the same. Those who have had them know, others should try them to be convinced.
TEAS.
RAJAH, extra quality ..... 50c. per lb.
SAUNDERS'S SPECIAL ..... 35c. per lb.
COFFEE.
MYSORE, extra quality ..... 50c. per lb.
PURE JAVA AND MOCHA ..... 40c. per lb.
BIG FOUR BLEND ..... 25c. per lb.
PURE NATIVE PORT, per bottle ..... 25c.
Always on hand, Wellington, Delta or Eden Bank Butter; also Lipton's or Armour's Hams and Bacon.
THE SAUNDERS GROCERY CO., LTD.
39 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.

Tennis Rackets, Lacrosse Sticks, Fishing Tackle, Fine Scotch Flies, at
78 GOVERNMENT STREET FOX'S

...AN ENTERTAINMENT...
Is to be held at the Institute Hall in aid of charity, on Tuesday evening next, at 8:30 p. m., presenting
"FENNEL"
"BETSY BAKER"
Under the patronage of Lieut.-Governor Joly, Admiral Bickford and Colonel Grant. Tickets for sale at Lombard's and Waitt's.

A silky shine!
Not a tinny glisten!
Like the glossy coat of a well conditioned horse.
Renews life in leather.
...
SLATER SHOE POLISH
"Goodyear Welted"
J. Fullerton and J. H. Baker,
SOLE LOCAL AGENTS.

A WILD DUCK'S BATTLE.

Defended Her Brood Against a Hawk and Saved Herself by Diving.

A green-winged teal is the heroine of Ernest Seton-Thompson's new story in The Ladies' Home Journal for July. After her brood was hatched she started to take them across a pond. "This was a mistake," Mr. Seton-Thompson writes. "For it exposed them to enemies. A great marsh hawk saw them, and he came swooping along sure of getting one in each claw. 'Run for the rushes!' called out the Mother Greenwing, and run they all did, pattering over the surface as fast as their tired little legs could go. 'Run! run!' cried the mother, but the hawk was close at hand now. In spite of all their running he would be on to them in another second. They were too young to dive; there seemed no escape when just as he pounced the bright little mother gave a great splash with all her strength, and, using both feet and wings, dashed the water all over the hawk. He was astonished. He sprang back into the air to shake himself dry. The mother urged the little ones to 'Keep on!' and keep on they did. But down came the hawk again: again to be repelled with a shower of spray. Three times did he pounce, and three times did she drench him. Now all the downlings were safe in the friendly rushes, the angry hawk made a lunge at the mother, but she could dive, and, giving a good-bye splash, she easily disappeared."

You Don't Half Enjoy Bicycling
Unless you have a
Coaster Brake
We will attach these to any chain driven bicycle for
$6.00 and $8.00
M.W. Waitt & Co.
44 Government Street.

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.
Sanitary Toilet Paper
Flat Roll and Oval Package
See our Dollar box containing 1 doz. rolls and neat fixture as above.
T. N. HIBBEN & CO.
Paper Merchants and Stationers,
69-71 Government St.,
28 Broad St.

BETTER THAN EVER.
Ogilvie's Hungarian AND Glenora Patent
Are distinctive brands of FLOUR, having no equal.
The public are warned against substitutes and other Manitoba flour represented as good as OGILVIE'S. OGILVIE'S is the best flour in the world, and has no equal. Daily capacity of mills, 7,500 barrels.

Watchful Care

Is indispensable in the compounding of the prescription on which depends the recovery of the invalid. We assert that

OUR PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT

Is fully up-to-date, and under the care of carefully trained pharmacists, of experience. Our night clerk is a graduate of Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto.

Cyrus H. Bowes,
CHEMIST.
98 Government Street, Near Yates Street.
OPEN ALL NIGHT.

Clearance Sale Continued

The Sterling,

39 Government Street

The balance of our well-assorted stock of general DRY GOODS must be disposed of. To accomplish this we have determined to retail all our stock at

WHOLESALE PRICES

Remember Our New Store Opposite Erskine, Wall & Co.

39 GOVERNMENT STREET.

THE GRAND DUKE

The Latest In **HATS**

AT

PHILLIPS,

Men's Furnishings and Hats. 104 Government Street.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, July 20.—5 a. m.—The high barometer area mentioned yesterday is now centred over Northern British Columbia, while further south the barometer is falling. These conditions will cause warm northerly winds throughout the Pacific slope. Heavy rains continue in Cariboo, and thunderstorms have occurred in Northern Alberta. Elsewhere in the Territories the weather is fair and warm.

Forecasts.

For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Sunday.

Victoria and vicinity—Moderate to fresh northerly winds, generally fair and warm.

Lower Mainland—Northerly and easterly winds, generally fair and warm.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.06; temperature, 51; minimum, 49; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.

New Westminster—Barometer, 30.02; temperature, 48; minimum, 46; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.

Nanaimo—Wind, calm; weather, cloudy.

Kamloops—Barometer, 30.06; temperature, 52; minimum, 50; wind, calm; weather, fair.

Barkerville—Barometer, 30.04; temperature, 40; minimum, 38; wind, calm; rain, .40; weather, rain.

San Francisco—Barometer, 29.84; temperature, 50; minimum, 50; wind, 18 miles S. W.; weather, clear.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

Try new White Label Blue Ribbon Tea.

Opposition steamer "Rosalie" sails for Seattle, daily, except Saturday, at 7.30 p. m.

—You will find it in the B. C. Guide; 5c per copy, 50c per year, in all book stores in B. C. •

—James Leigh & Sons, proprietors of Point Ellice mills, are now turning out all kinds of show cases, office fixtures, hoted and bar furnishings. For estimates don't fail to call on them. •

Sparkling Root Beer

Try a 10c. bottle of our Root Beer Extract. It will make five gallons of delicious Root Beer. A wholesome and refreshing beverage. Also on draught at our fountain.

F. W. FAWCETT & CO.,
Chemists, 49 Government St.

—If you are going to the Pan-American, Buffalo, the Educational Association Meeting, Detroit, Mich., or the Society of Christian Endeavor Meeting, Cincinnati, Ohio, take the Northern Pacific Railway. Call and get particulars. Northern Pacific Ticket Office, Government street. •

—Open until 9 o'clock every evening, Rambler Cyclery, Broad and Broughton streets. •

—The hall committee of the Agricultural Association meet on Monday at 4 o'clock.

—Don't miss the winding up sale at the Sterling, 39 Government street. All goods sold at wholesale prices. •

—Great bargains in monuments at Stewart's. Several Scotch Granite Monuments just arrived, Copings, etc. Nothing but first class stock and workmanship. Cor. Yates and Blanchard streets. •

—A meeting of the Victoria delegates to the Societies' re-union at Vancouver on August 14th will be held in the Pioneer hall on Wednesday evening next at 8 o'clock, by request of the chairman of committee.

—All the principal hotels and saloons in British Columbia are now using Kola Wine. Try it once and you will always take it. Absolutely non-intoxicating. The genuine has bunch of celery on green background on label. •

—Pan-American exposition, Buffalo, N. Y., May to November. Ask Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway about reduced rates. R. M. Boyd, commercial agent, Seattle, Wash. C. J. Eddy, general agent, Portland, Ore. •

—The funeral of the late Michele Delco took place this morning from the Victoria Undertaking Parlors. The following acted as pallbearers: Nicola Bertucci, Miche Anciolo Gigliotti, Antoni Patilucci, Antonio Reda and G. Zrarelli. •

—The decoration committee in connection with the arrangements for the reception of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York are soliciting suggestions as to various features connected with this part of the programme.

—At a meeting held last evening the Team Drivers' Union, No. 259, organized. A number were duly enrolled as members of the International Association, and the following officers were elected: President, John Freeman; vice-president, Jas. Deans; recording secretary, O. K. Charlton; secretary-treasurer, Wylie Coulson; trustees, Messrs. Hazelton, Wm. Walmsley and ——; Trades and Labor delegates, Messrs. J. Freeman, W. Coulson and O. K. Charlton; correspondent, O. K. Charlton.

—The committee having the matter in hand met this morning and decided upon the design for the medals to be presented at the Victoria Exhibition. A number of designs were received, the committee deciding upon that submitted by Miss Fox, of 227 Pandora street. Many of the industries of the province, including mining, fishing and lumbering are represented on the face of the design. The two promient natural features, mountain and water, are also given a place on it. The committee will meet with Miss Fox on Monday afternoon and settle upon the details in connection with the medals.

AN INCOME FOR LIFE

FOR YOURSELF, FOR YOUR WIFE, FOR YOUR CHILD

Can be secured by a Continuous Instalment Policy in The

MUTUAL LIFE OF CANADA

R. L. DRURY,
PROVINCIAL MANAGER, 34 Broad Street

Leave Your Orders With Us

—FOR—

SMALL FRUITS FOR PRESERVING

Red and Black Currants, Raspberries, Apricots, Peaches, Plums, etc. The best of each, as you require them. We can fill your orders for all of the requisites to preserving—Pint, Quart and Half-Gallon Bottles, Jelly Glasses, 4 to 16 Quart Enamelled Kettles, Iron and Wooden Spoons, etc.

JOHNS BROS.
255 Douglas Street.

—To wind up business the Sterling, 39 Government street, will dispose of the balance of their stock at wholesale prices. •

—Secretary Boggs has received letters intimating that there will be a number of district exhibits entered at the forthcoming fair.

—As will be seen in the advertising columns sealed tenders will be received up till noon, Thursday next, for supplying the Provincial Royal Jubilee hospital with meat, poultry, vegetables, groceries, milk and drugs. Forms of tender may be obtained from Secretary Elworthy.

—W. H. Hayward, M. P. P., for Esquimalt district, accompanied by Dr. Fagan, secretary of the provincial board of health, yesterday waited upon the government and directed attention to the inadequate drainage of Head street. They received the assurance that the government engineer would look into the matter and steps will be taken to effect the required improvement.

—The shoot to be held to-morrow at the Capital Gun Club grounds, at the head of the Arm, will be open to members of both gun clubs. It is hoped that a large number of shooters will enter for the cash prize generously offered by the Dominion Cartridge Company. Already many have signified their intention of competing. Ammunition may be secured on the grounds. Shooting for this event will commence at 2 o'clock.

—An excursion is being run to-morrow by way of the V. & S. to Sidney and thence by the trim little steamer Iroquois to Friday harbor, San Juan. The route is a charming one, and should be taken advantage of by all who wish to enjoy a combined land and water trip. The train leaves the V. & S. railway station at 9 o'clock in the morning, getting back shortly after 6 o'clock in the evening.

—Mr. H. Dallas Helmcken, K. C., M. P. P., has decided to apply the sum of $50, generously donated by Mr. S. M. Robins, superintendent of the New Vancouver Coal, Mining & Land Company, to the prize funds of the exhibition as follows: Twenty-five dollars for best exhibit of cattle, the bona fide property of the exhibitor, who must be a resident of the province; $15, first prize, best pair carriage horses; $10, second prize, best pair carriage horses.

—Yesterday afternoon the search for the body of Frank McCoy, of Seattle, who was drowned off Kanaka beach, was continued under the charge of Provincial Police Officer Hoskins. The water in the bay in which he was drowned is from fourteen to twenty feet deep. A heavy growth of seaweed covers the bottom, which makes the search a difficult one. The dragging of the bottom yesterday proved unsuccessful in recovering the body. The search was therefore continued to-day.

—As already announced, the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church intend giving a garden party at the pastor's residence, Birdcage Walk, next Wednesday, in the afternoon and evening, commencing at 3 o'clock. Tea, ice cream, fruit and other refreshments will be served. An excellent musical programme has been arranged, further assisted by the St. Cecilia orchestra, who have kindly consented to give selections during the evening. Other special attractions will be added and no effort spared to assure a most enjoyable social time for those who attend. Admission 25c.; children 10c.

—In the windows of T. N. Hibben & Co., on Government street, are displayed a collection of the trophies which have in past years been won by crews from the J. B. A. A. at different meetings of the N. P. A. A. O. The collection is a large one, and will serve as an incentive to the present crews of the association to distinguished themselves next week. In the window are also hung pictures of the old crews, by whose magnificent work the trophies were won for this association. The old champion crew, "Big Four," consisting of W. Scott, who fell in action at Paardeberg, F. Widdowson, P. O'Sullivan and D. F. Jones, are shown among the prizes they have won.

—There were thirteen charges on the police court minute book this morning, the majority being against Chinese laundrymen, who were caught in the act of spouting water from their mouths while ironing. They were Lee Young, Lewis Sing, Ah Young, Ah Bow and Ah Sam. They were fined $5 and $2.50 costs each. They paid their fines. Three lampless cyclists were fined $3 each for their delinquency. Richard McKinstry's name was down for vagrancy, but the case was not called. He has probably left the city. Donald McNaughton is another, to whom every opportunity to leave will be given, his case being adjourned until Monday. Walter Ruddle did not appear in answer to a charge of assaulting Sing, a Chinaman, so a warrant for his arrest will be issued. The accused is a fireman on the Islander, and the complainant a baker. The assault is alleged to have occurred ten days ago.

TO-LET

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED HOUSE

9 rooms and bath, lawn and fruit garden; splendid location; $35.00 per month.

SWINERTON & ODDY.
106 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Largo Law Arrives

Commander Was on Cromartyshire When She Collided With Bourgoyne.

Big Norwegian Tramp Steamer Guernsey Reaches Port After Remarkable Voyage.

With a miscellaneous cargo of English merchandise and naval stores for Esquimalt, Victoria and Vancouver, of which Robt. Ward & Company are the local consignees, the British ship Largo Law arrived from London last evening after a voyage of 144 days' duration. The trip, Capt. Henderson reports, was uneventful, no vessels bound from or to this port having been sighted en route. Of the valuable cargo which the ship brings from the Old Country, 750 tons are to be discharged in Esquimalt and 700 tons at the outer wharf.

Capt. Henderson, the skipper in charge, is a navigator whose name is associated with one of the most appalling shipping catastrophes in the annals of marine history. He was in command of the British ship Cromartyshire when that vessel crashed into the French trans-Atlantic liner Bourgoyne, off the coast of Newfoundland, on the morning of the 4th of July, 1898. In that memorable occurrence 540 people were lost.

The Bourgoyne sunk in a very few minutes after the collision. The weather was extremely foggy, and Capt. Henderson did not see the big passenger ship disappear, but discovered that she had been engulfed. Crippled as was his ship, he put about and endeavored as best he could to ascertain the full extent of the damage done. As the Bourgoyne never stopped after receiving the blow there was considerable distance between the two ship, but Capt. Henderson had not gone far before the shipwrecked sailors were seen. They were on rafts and in boats, and in a terrible condition. In all 165 were picked up, 100 of whom proved to be sailors who had fought for the boats and allowed the passengers, all excepting the 44 rescued, to perish on the sinking ship. Only one woman was saved out of the six hundred passengers aboard. The struggle for the boats and life rafts had been desperate, and one of the most disgraceful affairs of the kind ever heard of. The sailors were picked up scantly clad, a number having no clothing on whatever, owing to the suddenness in which they were cast adrift and the early hour of the morning at which the disaster occurred. Among the passengers on the Bourgoyne was Mrs. Fichou, the mother of C. Fichou, a gunmaker, residing in Victoria, who was en route from this city to Paris.

After taking all on board that could be found adrift, Capt. Henderson headed for Halifax. His vessel was badly injured, and the owning company had a big suit for damages against the owners of the French liner. The litigation extended over a year, and finally went before the Privy Council. The case, however, was eventually won by the Cromartyshire people.

HERE AT LAST.

After one of the most remarkable passages on record the big Norwegian tramp steamer Guernsey arrived in Esquimalt last evening from Shanghai via Muroran, under charter to load lumber at Moodyville. When last reported the ship was in about mid-ocean, 2,600 miles from Victoria, with a broken tail shaft and minus a propeller. She had just completed repairs and was about to start for Victoria in continuation of her voyage when the Kaga Maru, of the Nippon Yushen Kaisha line, bore down on her and offered assistance. Fortunately this was not needed at the time, and all that Capt. Krog-Hansen required was that the Kaga should carry a cable message to the owners of the Guernsey, apprising them of the accident. This was cheerfully done, and the vessel left behind a mere speck on the ocean.

The next seen of the Guernsey was at quarantine yesterday, when she steamed into port at a nine-knot speed. She had come along at an eight-knot speed until yesterday, as, after the repairs had been effected, Capt. Krog-Hansen did not wish to run the risk of losing one of the only two blades to his propeller, which had been cracked when being adjusted. The captain says that the accident to the ship occurred about 8 o'clock on the evening of Saturday, June 22nd, and the arduous work of shipping the new shaft and propeller, described in his message by the Kaga, was completed by the 29th. A trial trip was taken, and after everything had been found to work satisfactorily, a start was made for Victoria on the following day. The course of the ship was changed so that the Aleution Islands might be reached in case of further trouble, which, however, was never experienced. Just one hour after the tail shaft broke, the captain states, the crew set to work on the repairs, which were accomplished under the most trying circumstances. The ship rolled about at times quite violently, and the utmost caution had to be exercised. What added to the difficulties was the lack of the proper tackle for the handling of the shaft and propeller, one of the hardest tasks of the whole situation being to get the immense propeller out of the hold and swing it overboard for adjustment, owing to the manner in which the ship was pitching about. The men were working half the time up to their waists in water, but through the greatest of patience and perseverance the whole undertaking was carried out with the most successful results.

The Guernsey while here will be docked for repairs.

THE NORTHERN FLEET.

The next C. P. N. sailings will be the Queen City for Cape Scott and way ports on the west coast of the Island and the Islander for Skagway to-morrow morning. The Tees is now due from Northern British Columbia ports, and the excursion steamer Queen should arrive from Alaskan points to-morrow. The Queen is scheduled to sail on the 25th, for which trip her entire accommodation has been taken up. The Queen City's cabins will also be all occupied when she sails this evening. There were booked for the voyage this morning L. Dasonville, James Clark, R. B. Wood, C. B. Wood, C. B. Gardner, J. Coates, T. R. Wilson and Mr. Penwell. For the Islander there have been ticketed among others Mrs. Heathorn, L. K. Shanhorn, Wm. Barnes, J. L. Lewis, Miss Rant, Miss Keefer, Miss Innis, Mrs. King and E. Adams and wife.

MARINE NOTES.

The Tunisian, of the Allan line, reached Quebec to-day, and will arrived at Montreal to-morrow morning.

Oriental liner Olympia sailed from Yokohama for Victoria on Wednesday, and should make the trip across the Pacific in from fourteen to seventeen days. The Olympia has a full cargo of teas, silks, mattings, etc.

TO-MORROW'S EXCURSION.

All Arrangements Have Been Completed for the Outing—Splendid Time Guaranteed.

Everything is now in readiness for the excursion to Whatcom to-morrow. The City of Nanaimo will sail from the C. P. N. wharf at 9 a. m., and nothing has been overlooked that will in any way tend to the comfort and entertainment of those making this delightful trip, which is sheltered from any rough sea the entire route. The steamer will have plenty of seats and camp chairs, and families are expected to bring their lunch baskets and make the day one of sight-seeing and recreation.

The Fifth Regiment band have been engaged, and the trip going and coming will be enlivened by a choice musical programme. The City of Nanaimo is fast, safe and commodious, and it is needless to say she will be taxed to the limit to accommodate all who desire to avail themselves of the opportunity to enjoy a sail through the network of islands and attractive surroundings of Bellingham Bay, which this trip affords. Tickets for the round trip have been placed at $1.00, and may be had at Frank Campbell's or the Army and Navy Cigar Store.

REGATTA NOTES.

Details of Coming Event Arranged at Meeting Held Last Evening.

Last evening a meeting of the J. B. A. A. regatta committee was held at the club rooms, when business in connection with the coming regatta was discussed. Sunday's Charmer will have among her passengers both the Nelson and Vancouver contingents, who will take part in the regatta at Shawnigan Lake on Friday and Saturday next. They will be met and welcomed by a committee of the J. B. A. A. They will leave for Shawnigan on Monday, and spend the remainder of the week before the regatta in preparing themselves for the races on the course over which the races will be held.

S. Roberts, P. L. S., and a committee comprising E. E. Billinghurst, S. Sea, jr., A. J. Dallain, A. G. Franklin and J. H. Austin, will lay out the course.

Committees as follows were appointed:

Advertising—Messrs. B. S. Heisterman, A. G. Franklin, E. C. B. Bagshawe and S. McB. Smith.

Programme—Messrs. W. F. B. Pope, S. Sea, jr., A. E. Todd, A. J. Dallain and D. O'Sullivan.

There is a possibility that J. C. Bridgeman, one of the senior crew, will be unable to row in the regatta, as he is at present indisposed.

The regatta committee will meet again on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. A full attendance is requested.

TO LECTURE HERE.

K. Yendo, Japanese Scientist, Will Give an Address on Monday.

K. Yendo, ho for some weeks past has been investigating the flora and animal life of this coast in conjunction with the Minnesota students, is a guest at the Victoria. He will leave for Japan on Tuesday the 23rd, and on Monday next will lecture on "The Natural History of Japan," before the Natural History Society of this city.

He will in this address explain the system of teaching natural history in vogue in the universities at Japan. He says that there are instead of one general natural history department three departments in the universities of Japan in which natural history is taught, and in each one a different branch is taken up. He will also tell of some 10 or 12 important scientific discoveries made during the past twenty years in Japan. It is his intention also to take up the discoveries made during his stay on the West Coast of this Island.

Speaking of the American students, Mr. Yendo stated that all were hard working and pleasant. The greater number were amateur botanists, but all had progressed a great deal while on the coast.

When asked if he would return next summer with the Minnesota students, he said he was not sure as yet. If he did it would be in the capacity of teacher to the students of the branch having to do with sea weed. He wished, however, if possible, next summer to visit the tropical regions and endeavor to trace the origin of the tropical flora of Japan.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

Currants, Red, Black, White. Peaches, Raspberries, Apricots

FOR PRESERVING

FRUIT JARS—Pints, Quarts and Half Gallons; all at lowest prices. Place your orders with

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.,

THE LEADING GROCERS.

WE WANT

To fill your prescriptions. Our dispensing department is complete, our drugs pure and fresh.

HALL & CO.,
DISPENSING CHEMISTS.
Clarence Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

DECORATING THE CITY.

The Committee Estimate That $4,000 Will Be Required for the Purpose.

The decoration committee in connection with the visit of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York met this morning at the city hall. The chairman of the committee, George Jeeves, presided. There were also present Mayor Hayward, Ald. Brydon, Ald. Stewart, Capt. Royds, Thomas Hooper and Secretary Moresby.

The question of decorating the city was thoroughly discussed with a view to arriving at an approximate cost. The committee contemplate making the main arch at the corner of Douglas and Yates streets, where accommodation will also be provided for the school children taking part in the reception. James Bay bridge will also have to be well decorated, it was thought.

It was decided to ask the general committee for the sum of $4,000 for decoration purposes. Of this amount it is calculated $1,500 will be required for bunting, flags, etc.

The committee will also interview the government for the purpose of ascertaining what they intend doing in the matter of decorating.

Personal.

John and Walter Thompson, sons of William Thompson, of Saanich, have arrived at their old home from South Africa. For six or seven years the brothers have been engaged as railway contractors in South Africa. With the continuation of the war and the consequent stagnation of business in their line, they left for Canada upon completing the work they had in hand. For some time past they have been carrying on work in Natal, which afforded them a good opportunity to judge of the war while in progress. Of the conduct of the war they think many mistakes have been made, due in large part to the systems in vogue in connection with the British army, which are not adapted for such a war as that being waged against the Boers. On their way home they visited for some months in England, Scotland and Ireland. The third brother, Richard, is on his way back also, and is expected to arrive in the course of a few weeks. They do not contemplate returning at present, anticipating that with the advent of British rule the same opportunities will not exist for acquiring wealth as did formerly.

• • •

Rev. Wm. McIntosh, of Ottawa, secretary of the Canada Congregational Missionary Society, whose arrival has been delayed owing to an accident a few weeks ago, has recovered sufficiently to enable him to travel, and will reach the city this evening. He will preach in the Congregational church to-morrow morning and evening, and will remain in the city for a few days, the guest of Rev. R. B. Blyth.

• • •

Donald M. Morrison, for the past four years purser on the Canadian Pacific steamship Tartar, running between Victoria and China, is en route to Scotland. He is a native of the Island of Lewis, and was entertained recently at dinner by his fellow Lewismen in Montreal.

• • •

H. Sands and wife are guests at the Victoria hotel. Mr. Sands is connected with the News-Advertiser, of Vancouver, and will leave, accompanied by his wife, on a vacation trip for the West Coast shortly.

• • •

H. D. Helmcken and E. V. Bodwell returned from Vancouver last evening. They have been acting as counsel for the Crow's Nest Pass railway.

• • •

Mrs. J. S. Gibson, son and daughter, are in the city, having just returned from New York, where Mrs. Gibson met her son.

• • •

The New Westminster lacrosse team arrived in the city last evening and are quartered at the Victoria hotel.

• • •

J. J. Shalleross and C. A. Cushing were passengers from the Sound by the steamer Utopia this morning.

Capt. Thos. Murray, whose ship is loading at Chemainus, is in the city, a guest at the Victoria hotel.

G. McL. Brown arrived last night from Vancouver and is staying at the Driard hotel.

Capt. Christenson, of the steamer Luzon, is in the city, a guest at the Victoria hotel.

At the Vernon hotel are registered the members of the Vancouver Cricket Club.

Miss Preston, of Santa Clara, Cal., is visiting friends in the city.

GOLD BOUGHT HERE.

Notice Given Miners of the Special Inducements Offered Them in Victoria.

Secretary Elworthy, of the board of trade, has arranged with the management of the C. P. N. Company for the appearance on all the passenger boats of the company's fleet of notices advising miners of the special inducement now being offered for the purchase of gold here. The notice tells of the arrangement effected by the government for the assay of all gold in Victoria and of it being salable to banks in British Columbia upon the presentation of a certificate from the provincial government assayer. By an unfortunate oversight the notice was not put up in the Islander until yesterday, when Mr. Elworthy, hearing of the omission, investigated the matter and received the assurance that it would be attended to at once. Needless to say, similar notices from the Vancouver board of trade are placarded in conspicuous places aboard all the steamers.

—Our Manchester Department is all right; so say the ladies who have discovered the good values in Towels, Counterpanes, Table Linens, etc. Weiler Bros. (second floor.) •

Experience The Best Teacher.

If you want anything in

Men's, Youths'

OR

Boys' Clothing

And have had trouble trying to get suited elsewhere

TRY

McCandless Bros.

They have had more experience than any other house in the trade. They carry a larger stock. Their prices are reasonable, and "complete satisfaction" is their motto. Special values this week in boys' clothing.

McCandless Bros.,
37 Johnson St.

HAT PRICES

Every man who wants to feel a $3 hat on his head that only cost him

$2.50

Buys one of our $2.50 hats, soft or stiff, which ever your preference is, but any hat you choose saves you 50 cents.

If your price is less than $2.50, we have the best values at

$2.00, $1.50 and $1.00

You'll find anywhere.

W. G. Cameron,
VICTORIA'S CHEAPEST CASH CLOTHIER.
55 Johnson St.

Maple Sugar and Syrup

Having received a consignment of the above goods, which we guarantee as perfectly pure, we are prepared to sell same at a low figure.

WATSON & HALL,
PHONE 448. 55 YATES ST.

FLY FISHING

Lakeside Hotel,
Cowichan Lake.

This well known resort will open for the season on April 1st.
Stage leaves Duncans Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Special return tickets issued by the E. & N. Railway, good for 15 days, $5.00.
PRICE BROS., Props.

FRUIT JARS

AT

Watson & McGregor's

Telephone 745. 99 Johnson Street

—The tailors of the city will hold a picnic at the Gorge on Wednesday next, leaving McIntosh's boat house at 9 o'clock. The outing will be under the auspices of the Tailors' Union of the city, and a good time for everybody is guaranteed.

—The local Yorkshiremen are holding their annual picnic at Goldstream to-day. A large number availed themselves of the outing. Trains left the E. & N. railway station at 9 a.m. and 2 p.m., and another is to leave at 4.25 p.m.

—We have always some bargains in Wall Paper to offer you. Remnants at very low figures. Try Weiler Bros. •

Some birds in Patagonia have a foolish habit of roosting low down, close to the ice, and in the morning one may sometimes see the curious sight of scores of these unfortunates with their tails frozen into the ice. There they may be compelled to remain until the sun, by the process of melting them out, liberates the prisoners.

Bankrupt Stock OF H. L. Salmon Tobacconist

COR. YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS.

By Order of Assignee

Pipes, Cigars and Remainder of Stock

Will Be Sacrificed This Week, and Will Be Cleared Out at Any Cost.

This is the last chance to buy a box of Cigars (50) for $2.00 that were selling for $3.75. A few boxes of "La Preferencea," Concha Superiores, at $3.00. Pipes going very rapidly at sacrifice prices.

By Order of Assignee

Contests At Ottawa

Programme of the Prizes and Events Has Just Been Received

Great Rifle Competition Will Commence at Canada's Capital Next Month.

The annual meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association will be held at Rockcliffe rifle range, Ottawa, commencing on Monday, August 26th. A list of the prizes regulations for firing and general instructions for competitors has just been received. It might be noted that competing marksmen will feel called upon to strain their ability to a greater extent than heretofore, owing to certain alterations in the conditions, including the reduction of the dimensions of the targets. The authorities recognized that with the new rifle it was with a certain degree of ease that large scores were run up on the former targets, so a reduction was made.

The prizes are 1,091 in number, aggregating $7,006. The matches are as follows:

Tyro, $200; Bankers', $500; Macdougall Challenge Cup, $332; Dominion of Canada, $700; Kirkpatrick, $500; Walker, $617; The Minister of Militia, $719; the Governor-General's, $1,000; London Merchants', $100; Gzowski and British Challenge Shield, $235; Gibson, $200; Lansdowne Aggregate, $159; Gillespie Challenge Bisley Aggregate, extra series A, 500 yards, $200; extra series B, 600 yards, $200; extra series C, 800 yards, $200; extra series aggregate, $40; Transvaal Challenge Cup; Colt's Revolver; the Smith & Wesson's Revolver; Revolver aggregate.

A meeting of the executive of the D. R. A. was held in Ottawa recently, to arrange details of the matches next month. The officers present were Lieut.-Colonel Hodgins, Lieut.-Colonel Hughes, Lieut.-Colonel Starke and Lieut.-Colonel Burland, of Montreal.

A new match on the programme for the forthcoming meeting is the Transvaal Cup match, for a cup and medal presented by Captain A. C. Bell, A. D. C. The competition is open to all officers, non-commissioned officers or men who served in South Africa, or on any of the Canadian contingents or corps in the Boer war of 1899; to be awarded to the competitor making the highest score in the Dominion of Canada or Governor-General's match, first stage. The medal is to be the personal property of the winner, who may also retain the cup for a year.

The time table for the matches is as follows:

Monday, August 26th.

Extra series, 500 yards; Tyro, 500 yards; Bankers', 500 yards; Macdougall, 200 yards; extra series, 600 yards; Macdougall, 600 yards; extra series, 600 yards, practice shots; extrat series, 500 yards; extra series, 600 yards; Gibson match, 500.

Tuesday, August 27th.

Dominion of Canada, 600 yards; extra series, 500 yards; Dominion of Canada, 500 yards; extra series, 600 yards; Dominion of Canada, 600 yards; Harold L. Borden, 500 yards; practice shots, extra series; Gibson match.

Wednesday, August 28th.

Extra series, 600 yards; Kirkpatrick, 600 yards; Walker, 600 yards; extra series, 800 yards; Walker, 800 yards; Minister of Militia, 800 yards; extra series, 800 yards; practice shots, extra series, Gibson match.

Thursday, August 29th.

Extra series, 900 yards; Minister of Militia, 900 yards; Governor-General, 600 yards; practice shots; extra series, Gibson match.

Friday, August 30th.

Extra series, 800 yards; ties in Governor-General's and Bisley aggregate (if any); Governor-General's, 800 yards; extra series, 900 yards; Governor-General's, 900 yards; London Merchants', 800 yards; London Merchant's, 900 yards; Gzowski and British Columbia Challenge Shield motch; practice shots; extra series, Gibson match. Ties in Governor-General's, 2nd stage (if any.)

From the aggregate in the meeting will be selected the next year's Canadian team at Bisley. The British Columbia team for Ottawa will be the eight men making the highest aggregate in the forthcoming provincial meet here.

CARNEGIE'S CURSE.

Richest Man on Earth Cannot Digest His Food.

How many people have envied Andrew Carnegie retiring from the strife of business with a fortune so colossal that he may scatter millions of dollars in charity and feel it no more than the average man feels the bestowal of as many coppers? And yet the multi-millionaire himself declares he is not to be envied. He is unhappy. "I am sixty years old and cannot digest my food," he says.

The German poet tells us the story of Faust, the old man who sold his immortal soul to the devil for the gift of youth and health. Andrew Carnegie, rich, powerful, envied, states he would make Faust's bargain if he could. He cannot digest his food.

Dyspepsia more than any other disease disgusts a man with life. It embitters him, destroys his joy in living, makes him see the world through smoked glasses. What good is life to Andrew Carnegie, what is the use of all his millions? He cannot digest his food.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets would help Andrew Carnegie. They would beyond question insure the digestion of his food. Thousands and thousands of people in this country have found the blessing of regained health through Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. Hundreds of thousands in the United States have done the same. In Great Britain, though Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets have only been introduced a couple of years, they have already broken through that prejudice of the Englishmen against new things as far as the mass of people are concerned. It is a strange paradox that Andrew Carnegie with all his wealth fails to find what so many poorer countrymen have discovered—the value of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

HOW TO LEND MONEY.

Sir George Lewis, who took such an interest in the passing of the Money-lenders bill, tells the following story: Two usurers met in an omnibus. Said one to the other: "I have had a very fine day's work." "How's that?" asked the second man. "A man came to me," replied the first one, "to borrow £500 for a year, and I lent it to him at 50 per cent. He gave me his bill for £500, and I deducted £250—the £50 per cent.—and gave him £250.' "Oh," observed No. 2, "I don't call that good business. If he came to me I should have lent it to him for two years, and then he would have got nothing."—Exchange.

Many folk entertain a mistaken impression of the bloodhound. They imagine this kind of dog to be very ferocious, when, on the contrary, it is as docile as almost any other breed known.

DON'T THINK BECAUSE

"DRY-ROYAL" CHAMPAGNE

will cost you half the price of fancy brands, that it is a poor Wine—Such is not the case. It is a first class Wine drunk by thousands who "know a Good Thing".

J. M. Douglas & Co., Sole Agents, Montreal and Vancouver.

Rounding Up The Boers

The Use Kitchener Is Making of Armored Trains in South Africa.

A Complete System of Railway Patrolling—Hard to Cross the Lines.

A special correspondent of the London Times in South Africa gives the following description of and the work which Lord Kitchener has given the armored trains in the rounding up of Boers:

It will be understood that Lord Kitchener opened his winter campaign with the object of wresting from the Boers their last main base of operations in the Northern Transvaal. This was the town of Pietersburg, situated 177 miles north of Pretoria. The importance of this move is obvious. Pietersburg was the sole remaining base in the two colonies in which the Federals had been able to maintain more than a shadow of official government. Here they printed a government paper—the Zoutpansberg Wachter—centred a postal bureau, and stamped out a crude coinage. Plumer occupied it with his column with little opposition, and then, as a less mobile garrison followed him up, it became the natural pivot for further operations to the north under Girenfell and for the main movement into the bush veld which was to stop the drifts upon the Oliphants river, while subsidiary columns drove the scattered remnants of the enemy into each others arms. The scope of the operations may be taken as covering the ground enclosed by a line drawn through Pietersburg and Lydenburg on the north and the Pretoria-Middleburg-Belfast line on the south. This area is immense, but it must not be imagined that the bush veld is as difficult a country for operations as is generally imagined. The hindrance of close country falls with more heaviness upon the Boers than upon their pursuers. Of necessity they are obliged to keep to the roads and pathways. Then density of the jungle growth and thorn prevents them when pressed from breaking up and vanishing as they would upon the high veld, and, consequently when once a pursuing column is upon the spoor of a Boer detachment, it is simply a matter of endurance between the two—not one of lost scent and an invisible enemy with biting rearguards, as is the case in more open country.

Armored Train's Chance.

As a result of the success which has attended the closing of the drifts on Oliphants river it was reported that a considerable commando, said to be under Ben Viljoen's command, was breaking back with the object of making the Magaliesberg. This being the case they would be obliged to cross the Pretoria-Pietersburg railway line, somewhere between Wonderboom and Pienaar's River station. This offered an opportunity for the armored train service, very similar to that which they brought to so masterly a conclusion at Haut Kraal in the colony. One train was already on patrol on the Pietersburg line, another was dispatched at once, and, seeing that the occasion offered a very fair chance of studying the working of this branch of the service, I readily accepted the invitation of Major Nanton, R.E., to accompany him on No. 1 train, the "flagship" of the little "squadron" of railway "cruisers." Much has been written and said about armored trains much to their detriment, little to their advantage. This was only natural, for, not unlike mounted infantry, they were misunderstood, misplaced and their limitations miscalculated during the earlier phases of the war. But when the line of communication lengthened and the enemy developed a tendency to raid the railway communications in preference to giving battle, the real necessity for protected trains which would be able to cope with the raiders on the permanent way presented itself. A system of armored military trains was improvised to meet the new situation. As the exigencies of the service and the requirements of their particular role developed, changes and improvements were made until the present complete system of railway patrolling was arrived at.

Composition of Trains.

The armored train is composed of a locomotive with all its most vulnerable parts protected and seven trucks and coaches. The motive power, naturally, is placed in the centre of the train, the "fighting" portions, for reasons that are obvious, being at both ends. The train consists of two protected bogies equipped with Maxims or pom-poms and loopholed for infantry. Then next to one of these trucks is attached a bogie upon which two 12-pounder q.f. guns are mounted, which allows of a traversing fire of about 135 degrees on either side of the train—that is, approximately 270 degrees out of the possible circle. This is to be improved upon, but it entails specially constructed trucks. The rest of the train is made up with the officers' coach and trucks containing the electric and telegraph apparatus, dynamo, and construction material. In addition to the actual armored train a number of protected and loopholed trucks have been made, which, manned with infantry, can be taken out by the armored train and dropped at convenient spots along the railway—at waggon crossings and like frequented communications. Thus it is possible to sow a length of line with stationary forts which form points for the armored trains to patrol between. But possibly the most important factor of armored trains patrolling is the facility of intercommunication between the trains and the various headquarters of intelligence. The train has but to halt and, if the telegraph wires are intact, it is in communication at once with every station down the line. It takes just 30 seconds to tap the wires and get the "buzzer" working.

Communication Complete.

Then by means of the phonophone each train on the beat is in communication as soon as it halts with other stationary trains. The value of this can be appreciated. When a section of the line is under observation the trains for economic reasons are not patrolling all night. Do what you may, a steam engine is not a silent scout and has a ravenous thirst for water. They lie quietly secreted at some strategic point, prepared to concentrate or divide on the call of the "buzzer." The intelligence officer at some centre receives information from his native scouts that the enemy are moving upon a certain point on the line. He calls up the officer commanding the nearest armored train, and in five minutes every train on the beat, if necessary, is concentrating upon the probable theatre of action.

The "crew" of an armored train—or garrison, if the term better commends itself—is small—twenty-nine rifles, which include eight sappers for reconstruction and search-lights, three telegraph operators and wire men, four Royal Engineer firemen and drivers, two officers' servants, and 12 infantry men. This, with the two officers and ten gunners to work the guns and Maxims, makes the fighting complement. Whenever the train is in motion there is an officer on watch in the forward and rear batteries.

A Night in the Train.

I boarded No. 1 armored train at 4:30 in the afternoon, and in half an hour we were running up the incline on the Pietersburg extension between the Dasport and Wonderboom cuttings. Two other armored trains were already on the beat, and the information which had called our engine out of the shed was that a commando of Boers, pressed by Major Vialls from Plumer's force, had crossed the line from east to west a little south of Haman's Kraal, while a second commando, believed to be commanded by Ben Viljoen, was in the vicinity of Pienaar's River station, watching an opportunity to cross its waggons into the loop made by the Aapies and Pienaar's rivers. As this commando was pressed from the rear, and by the nature of the country was committed to the drifts of the two streams which enclosed it, and the existing roads and crossings in the bush, the enterprise promised a successful mission to the railway cruisers. The Pietersburg line, from Pienaar's river to Waterval, runs between the Aapies and the Pienaar's rivers. In fact, as we started, there was news that the armored train under Lieut. Westmacott, 5th Fusiliers, was engaging detached groups of the enemy. It was during the brief moment of African twilight that we steamed through Waterval. The dilapidated wire corral brought back memories of the dark days when 4,000 British soldiers were prisoners at the spot. The country recalled the day of indignation, ten months ago, when, as the relieving squadrons rode up the rise, the enemy, prompted by their chagrin, turned their field pieces upon the helpless captives. But all this has passed into history, and we were standing on the footboard of the officers' coach admiring the great comet in the western sky, when the train jerked into Haman's Kraal, a garrisoned hamlet on the fringe of the bush veldt. Here we found a field intelligence officer brimful of the latest news. His information enabled Major Nanton to make his dispositions for the night, and No. 7 train was immediately rung up and ordered to concentrate upon Haman's Kraal.

Three Trains on Beat.

Three trains were now on the beat. The intelligence officer was positive that if the crossing was to be made it would be made in the vicinity of Haman's Kraal Siding, six miles further north. The senior officer made his dispositions accordingly. No. 3 train would patrol until 1 a.m. from Pienaar's river to a siding a few miles north of Haman's Kraal Siding. No. 7 train would cover the distance between Waterval and Haman's Kraal, while No. 1 would hold itself responsible for the space between, dropping the three protected trucks, garrisoned by a company of Cameron Highlanders, at some strategic point on the line.

Post equitem sedet atra cura. If black care is astride the crupper of a horseman, a thousand times heavier does it weigh on the brain in the forward battery of an armored train when patrolling at night. The officer sits with his eyes glued upon the ceaseless parallel of the metals, watching for signs of loosened earth. He dare not rest his eyes for a second, for should he miss in the ruffled surface of the ballast the sole evidence of the wrecker's work, a loosened fish-plate, contact mine or loaded culvert, may bring disaster to his train. On right and left the sentries scan the racing bush, while the man at the gun toys nervously with his Maxim belts. Silently each stands at his post, each a mark for the skulking sniper, all a possible prey to the sneaking train wrecker. The tension is endless; each curve in the line, each cloud which crosses the moon, each jolt of the couplings, or an uneven track, brings recurring apprehensions of mine, derailment and ambush! "Red light ahead!"

No Attempt to Cross.

The officer's fingers close upon the cord which communicates with the driver. The brakes hiss, and the train jerks to a standstill. For the moment the tension is over, the tail-light of the northern patrol is twinkling ahead. The watch cover their eyes with their hands, for the head throbs and the hallucination of the great white metals is heaping and serpentining in the brain. It is a beautiful spot. The endless mimosa is somewhat cleared and the natives have sown the open thick with mealies. A road flashes white across the line. It is likely crossing. The armored trucks are slipped, and after a brief conversation on the telephone the train reverses slowly back along the beat. The safety of the train now rests with the watch in the rear battery, and one sentry suffices in our portion of the train. Everyone is grateful for the respite.

Thus the night was spent until 1 a.m., when the patrols halted until daylight. Luck was against us, or the intelligence were at fault, for no attempt was made to cross the line, and after the second night No. 1, summoned by wire, steamed rapidly back to Pretoria for its presence was urgently required on another portion of our gigantic communications.

Annie Heggitt told the Grimsby magistrates that her husband, Matthew Heggitt, a gauger, "gave her away to the next door neighbor," and to this unusual proceeding she objected, going home to her parents instead. She now made application for a separation and maintenance orders against her husband. They were married in 1872, but had been living apart for the past 15 years, she supporting the children by "charing." During that time she had heard nothing of her husband. The bench ordered defendant to pay 10s. a week towards his wife's maintenance.

According to statistics prepared for the Home Secretary, 1,700 children are burned to death yearly in the United Kingdom.

A GOLF STORY.

There is a story at present current on the golf links, says the Free Lance, that a certain golf-widower, who took but little interest in his wife's exploits with the clubs, was aroused from the fog of his business by hearing her name continually coupled with a certain colonel. She was always playing with this colonel, who did not seem a very polite person, for he never allowed her to beat him. Still, the husband did not like this constant association. He began to be alarmed with the idea that the colonel's attractions might be as irresistible as his play. He plunged into the fray, and taxed his wife with the colonel. She denied indignantly, with tears. She tumbled about in a web of angry words till at last light dawned on her, and she burst out laughing. Then she explained as well as she could to her amazed spouse—what golf readers have already divined—that the colonel was "Colonel Bogey," and that playing against "the colonel" means trying to equal the record!

Wise and Prudent Mothers Know That

Lactated Food

Is the Best For the Babies.

Wise, prudent and thoughtful mothers always use the popular Lactated Food for their babies. They use it because it is superior to all other infants' foods. It is the mother's friend, because it promotes a healthy and vigorous digestion and shields the little ones from prevailing summer troubles such as cholera infantum, diarrhoea and dysentery. Lactated Food makes the cross and peevish baby happy, bright and cheerful, and it grows up a picture of health. Every weary and wornout mother should give Lactated Food a trial. Ask your druggist for it.

At Kirkstall, near Leeds, Yorkshire, a coroner's jury found that Edith Worth, only sixteen years of age, had in a fit of temporary insanity drowned herself in the River Aire. The coroner said it appeared to be a girl's "tiff," which was not at all uncommon. The deceased, according to the evidence, wanted a white blouse washed in readiness for the Burley carnival, and vexed that it could not be done ended her life.

GRIFFITHS' MENTHOL LINIMENT

OLD PEOPLE

There are thousands of Grandfathers and Grandmothers too, right here in Canada, who find in Griffiths' Menthol Liniment the only thing that does their stiff, aching joints any real, lasting good. Whether it is Rheumatism, Lame Back, a Pain in the Shoulder, Hip, Knee, Arm, Leg, or any other part of the body, Griffiths' Liniment will reach it and give you almost instant relief. Nature never made anything else so good for bodily aches, pains, stiffness or soreness, as this wonderful vegetable oil Liniment. It goes right in to where all the soreness is and removes it. You will find it pleasant to use, never burns or blisters, and it rubs in so rapidly, and takes out the pain so quickly that you will wonder where it all went to. Griffiths' Menthol Liniment makes the declining years of life free from pains that come on as the days go by. Just go right to your druggist and get a bottle and after you have tried it you will wonder how you have done without it all these years.

Griffiths' Menthol Liniment cures all pains and aches

Griffiths' is the only, exclusive vegetable oil and non-poisonous Liniment made. Sold everywhere at 25 and 75 cents. See that you get Griffiths' Menthol Liniment. There are imitations but they never did anybody any good.

Tenders for Stone, Sand, Gravel and Piles.

Sealed tenders, endorsed and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to Monday, the 22nd inst., at 3 o'clock p. m., for Rubble and Cut Stone per cubic yard of Granite and Sandstone, delivered on scows or on land, where required, at James Bay Mud Flats and Point Ellice Bridge; also for quantity of clean, sharp Sand and Beach Gravel per cubic yard, and Piles per lineal foot.

For particulars as to quantities, size and how cut, see specifications in the office of undersigned.

The sucessful tenderer will be required to enter into a contract, with proper security satisfactory to the Corporation of the City of Victoria, for due performance of the work.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing Agent for the Corporation of the City of Victoria.
City Hall, Victoria, B.C., July 19th, 1901.

To Painters

Sealed bids, endorsed "Tenders for Painting and Glazing," will be received at the office of the undersigned up to Monday, the 22nd inst., at 3 p. m., for painting and glazing at the Agricultural Hall. The main building, chicken house, new band stand, new office building, front fence and gates to be all done as per specification, to be seen at the office of the undersigned.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Building Inspector.
City Hall, 12th July, 1901.

NOTICE TO ARCHITECTS

The architects of Victoria are notified that the terms of competition for new High School building have been modified by the School Board, and that the time for reception of competitive plans has been extended until Saturday, the 10th August, at 12 noon.

The amended terms of competition may be obtained at the office of the Board.

FRANK H. EATON,
Secretary.
Victoria, B. C., 19th July, 1901.

MUNICIPAL.

SEWERS RENTALS 1901

Property owners and others are hereby requested to take notice that the 31ST DAY OF JULY, INSTANT, is the last day for paying the annual Sewers Rent for the year 1901 at my office.

CHARLES KENT,
Treasurer and Collector.
City Treasurer and Collector's Office,
City Hall, Victoria, B.C., July 17, 1901.

Best Double Screened
Household Coal
$6.50 Per Ton Delivered. Weight Guaranteed.
HALL & WALKER,
100 Government St. 'Phone, 83.

Some of the leading parishioners of St. Mary-at-Hill, Monument, London, Eng., regularly reserve their most exquisite samples of Mocha for their rector, Mr. Carlile, who freezes the coffee in order to quench the thirst of dry parishioners, to lure them from the public-house to the church. The refreshments are preceded at 1:15 by the electrophote, which daily exhibits marvels of sacred art from all parts of the world to large congregations, while the monsterphone pours forth an ever-changing variety of speech and orchestration.

—Does your home contain every convenience for hot weather in the way of furnishings? A good Refrigerator, Cool Mattings, Comfortable Rattan Rockers. If not Weiler Bros. stand ready to supply you with same.

Provincial News

NANAIMO.

The coroner's jury to inquire into the cause of the death of Edward Harrison, who was killed in Protection Island shaft, brought in a verdict that death was due to an accidental fall of rock near the face of the stall.

NELSON.

Architect Carrie has received official notification to proceed with the completion of the plans and specifications for the Nelson high school. According to the plan adopted the size of the building will be 38x77. The basement plan provides separate play rooms for the boys and girls 24x24, with lavatories in connection with each 24x10. In addition to this, there will be a fuel storeroom between the play rooms, with a separate janitor's entrance. The ground plan provides for two rooms 34x25 and a hall way 21x47, containing cloak room and stairways. The upstairs plan provides the same accommodation as the ground floor, but has in addition a principal's private room 10x26. The front elevation shows a projection the same size as the hall way with a six-foot gable. The windows in this part are arranged with circular tops, and the balance of the windows are square. The woodwork will be of coast fir and the finishing of British Columbia cedar.

VANCOUVER.

The case of ex-Chief of Police Stewart vs. the Province newspaper came up for trial on Thursday before Mr. Justice Martin and jury, and after a number of witnesses were examined, was adjourned until the next sitting of the court. This was due to the absence of Mr. Stewart, who was confined to his house by illness. In granting the adjournment the judge decided that the plaintiff should pay the costs connected therewith.

Provincial Policeman Jones has sent word to the provincial police here that the dead body found near Harwood island, about 70 miles up the coast, was so decomposed that he is unable to say whether it is of a Jap or white man. Strange to say, when the body was found the hands were folded over the breast, and the legs were stiff, as if the body had been laid out for burial. The body was about five feet five in length, well developed, and had every finger of the right hand missing from some accident previous to death.

There is a project on foot to induce the provincial government to exchange the court house for the city hospital. Those who have suggested the scheme say that the site of the city hospital would make an ideal site for a court house, and further that for various reasons it is advisable to have a new court house in a different location, while on the other hand the court house grounds would make an ideal site for the Carnegie library.

ROSSLAND.

The plans for Rossland's new school are complete, and have been approved by the board of school trustees. Copies will be made and forwarded to the department of education for the government's approval without delay, and in the meantime tenders will be called for. It is intended to erect a two-story wooden structure. The building will face the east and will have a wide entrance on the west side as well. A substantial stone basement will constitute the first flat. This gives a basement S feet in the clear, and its utility as a rainy-day playground. The basement will also contain the furnaces and fresh air ducts for the ventilating system. The principal floor of the building contains a wide hall opening front and rear and four class rooms, with cloak rooms. The class rooms are each 25x34, while the hall is 12 feet in width. The second floor contains four rooms, the same size as those on the first floor, but it is not intended to use these for some time. The outside of the building will be finished complete throughout, but the upper four rooms will be left unfinished until they are required for school purposes. The ceilings in the building will be 13½ feet in the clear and the ventilation system has been used with success in a Seattle school.

The McGill University students who have spent the last six weeks in Rossland left on Tuesday for the East. Their mission in Rossland was to gain practical information as to mining, to be utilized later on in the course of the studies in practical science. They formed part of the McGill summer school of mines class that visited the Golden City in May last, and when conditions made it so that they could no longer satisfy their thirst for knowledge underground the party decided to go home. The McGill boys were delighted with their treatment in Rossland. One of the party remarked, says the Miner: "We could not have been used better, and we are exceedingly grateful for the opportunity accorded us to acquire an insight into the practical side of mining. We have seen enough to realize something more than we had formerly known as to the scope and dimensions of the mining industry. The information thus gathered will be put to use when we tackle the special course in mining engineering at the close of the regular four-year course in applied science. The management of the mines could not have done more to assist us in our quest for information, and we thoroughly appreciate this fact. The miners, too, with whom we worked as partners, went out of their way to explain the 'whys and wherefores' of all the work in which we were engaged. They worked with us exactly as if we were their regular partners as far as the labor was concerned, and went into the details with care so that we knew what we were trying to accomplish and why it was done in a certain way and not in another. All the miners we worked with followed this line, and we were delighted with the practical manner in which they treated us. The Rossland miners are all right!" On the other hand it may be stated that the McGill men made a splendid impression in Rossland. They went to work as muckers, timbermen, helpers and sorters without regard to the labor entailed, and never complained, although more than one suffered severely from blistered and cut hands during the first few days underground. They worked hard and earned the wages the company paid them as laborers.

Mining News

The Boundary.

J. L. Parker, superintendent of the Dominion Copper Company, has a force of men sampling the Emma, in Summit camp, owned by McKenzie & Mann and W. T. Smith.

Some of the finest ore yet found in this camp is said to have been disclosed by the recent diamond drill work on the Idaho. The drill is now down over 300 feet.

Both sinking and raising are being prosecuted on the Rawhide by Contractor Gillis in the main shaft. Work is also being done on this property by the Dominion Copper Company.

Negotiations are in progress for a deal on the Oro Denoro, and it is expected that this property will open up again in a short time. It is said that ore can be shipped from the surface of this mine at a profit.

At the Lake claim, in Skylark camp, about two and a half miles from Phoenix, the new machinery is nearly all installed. In a few days everything will be ready for the resuming of systematic development.

Last week Barclay Bonthrone and Daiziel Gordon Smith, of Vancouver, arrived in town, and have looked over the Monarch and Tamarack claim, adjoining the Rawhide. Mr. Bonthrone is the representative of the Earl Syndicate, Limited, an organization of English capitalists, owning these claims and others in the province. It is expected that development on these well known properties will be inaugurated at no distant date.

On Thursday the two skips for the Brooklyn and Stemwinder arrived and the former is now being put in place. The Brooklyn skip will hold two tons and that for the Stemwinder one ton of ore. They are the first skips to be used in the camp. On Tuesday the new 20-horse power hoist was put in use at the Brooklyn, and the work of erecting the new gallows frame, some 60 feet high, is well started. About the first of August the entire work of putting in the new machinery at the Brooklyn should be finished. For the time being, until connections are made from the south drift of the Brooklyn, work on the Idaho has been suspended.—Phoenix Pioneer.

A car of ore was shipped from the No. 7 mine, Central camp, to the British Columbia Copper Company's smelter, at Greenwood, early this week. This is the first ore sent out from the mine since the machinery was installed and, too, the first ore hauled to the railway by R. F. Coates under his contract for hauling. It is intended to send down six or seven carloads per week.

The tunnel C. Scott Galloway has for some time past been having driven on his Strathmore claim, in Providence camp, a short distance from Greenwood, is now in more than 200 feet.

A new stope has been opened at the B. C. mine, near Eholt, between the 325 and 250-foot levels, thus giving 75 feet of vertical ore. The diamond drill is still at work prospecting. The working force at this mine has been increased, numbering now about 100.

There are 15 men at work on the Rathmullen group, in Summit camp. There are about a dozen claims in this group, but so far only one or two of them have had any development to speak of done on them.—Greenwood Miner.

Northeast Kootenay.

P. Stratford and partners went up the south fork of Toby creek on Sunday to commence work on the Janeau group. They will cut a good trail of several miles to the group, and intend doing sufficient work to show up the ledge properly. Last season they traced the ledge for about 3,000 feet and uncovered two feet of clean ore. It is stated that there are several parties anxious to get hold of this group.

Professor Robinson and his men came down from Jumbo creek last week, where they have already accomplished 27 feet of work. They will go up the hill shortly to start work on the Iscara, upon which has been found the greatest copper discovery in East Kootenay. The work done with a pick uncovered a good foot of solid chalcopyrite ore. A peculiar feature of this rich ore is that at the grass roots there is absolutely no copper stains to be found on the ledge, which carries 32 per cent. copper values. While there is only one foot of ore uncovered the indications are that it is much wider. To prove the width of the vein, a crosscut tunnels is to be run which will cut the ledge at a depth of 40 feet and drain off the water.—Canterbury Outcrop.

THE NEW OXYGEN TREATMENT.

Maybe you read the other day an account of an "Oxygen Hospital," and the manner in which scientific men are applying this element to the cure of disease. Medical men are beginning to understand that we can do a lot of things with oxygen besides breathe it.

Powley's Liquified Ozone is demonstrating every day the many different applications oxygen can be made use of in relieving disease.

In treating stomach disorders, dyspepsia, dysentery catarrh, and other summer ailments Powley's Liquified Ozone is invaluable. It can be made a most refreshing beverage, and it prevents other and more serious disorders by keeping the system healthy.

John Small, Esq., Collector of Customs for the port of Toronto, has given us permission to refer enquiries to him as to the value of Powley's Liquified Ozone in curing stomach and summer ailments.

You should experience the cooling effect of drinking diluted Ozone whenever you feel overcome by the heat. It refreshes you wonderfully.

50c. and $1.00, at all drug stores.

The Ozone Co. of Toronto, Limited.
The Liquid Ozone Co., Chicago, U.S.A.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—G McL Brown, W Ward, H D Helmcken, J C Maclure, Jno Schmidt, J Wallby, F Fulton and wife, H Fraser, W D. Brown, W Winkle, M Penny, A Stacey, F Chaldecott, A Jukes, E B Dean, N B Barrie, H J Morley, W H Crossfield, H L Badermachon, M Jenkinson, P S Crickmay, L McGowan, H Ruston, Mrs Woods, Al Woods, J J Cambridge, P Miller, Dr Service, Mrs Hester, Miss Kinsey, F Richardson, Mrs Jones, H L Thomas, Mrs Deeming, Mrs Marion, Mrs Ella Croach, Wm Croach, P Meyers, Miss Rich, Mr Bodwell, Mrs Von Rhein, J B Watson, J Elliott, P Penwell, Mr Gillis, J Gowan, Capt Mellon, J Lay, Mrs Davey, M A Fry, H Donaldson, Miss Godyn, Mrs Seeley, J W Prick, Hugh Keefer, L C Henderson, W Waldrick, W Gifford, T Gifford, F Lynch, B Galbraith, P McElroy, W Reshton, W Gray and wife, R Cheyne and wife, G Rennie, A Turnbull, S Peele, C S Peele, T Clark, E H Stafford, Mrs Stafford, G F Holloway, Mrs Holloway, A D Richmond, Mrs Few, Miss Few, Miss Hamilton, C Johnson, D F Atkins, N Reeves, W H May, W Mather, J McDonald, Miss Spencer, Nels Nelson, B P Hornsby, Mrs Petit, Master Petit, H Sands and wife.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Geo A Lilley, Mrs Lilley, J H Jennings, E McKay, Mrs McKay, Mrs Ballentine, Miss Hunt, Mrs Redon, A Haoso, T B Cotton, W Miller, A M Sampson, C P Davenport, J H Cooper, S H Cline, H Lazare, H S Emerson, J Echerley, Mrs Echerley, Jos Sumner, Ed Marr, W Bard, E Cohen, M Standish, N Noel, O Peck, Mrs Peck, J Carter, Mrs Carter, E F Turner, G Glenn, Mrs Glenn, Mrs Willis, T Newton, W J Redmond, C E Newton, D C Jackson, H Ballou, H Tibbets, Miss Hartnagle, E Gardner, Mrs Gardner, Miss Glen, H Carter, Mrs Leslie, Mrs Glover, Mrs Wilsie, Miss Erier, Mrs Cox.

Per steamer North Pacific from the Sound—A Holford, Geo Moat, Mrs Pazok, Miss Burns, Miss Bates, B Peoples, Miss Knox, Gus Smith, Ino Pondlton, Geo Grant, Mrs Watson, Mrs Edgbery, Mrs Ramsey, Miss Ramsey, Mrs McCarty, G W McGinnis, M Kroberg, Mrs Houghton, J H Corbett, Mrs Corbett, L H Wilson and wife, W T Wilson and wife, G L Hanzett, Thos Dunn, F H Vine, M Konze, P H Mally, Miss Fuller, Mrs Bates, Miss Beckman, M W Stered, M J Jeffs, Mrs Churchill, E Atkinson, P R Renolds, Mrs Renolds, F E Casper, Mrs Brodin, Miss Buckley, F Knoberg, Miss Knoberg, D W Jones, Mrs Jones, Master Jones, Miss Davis, G H White, Mrs J A White, S Sheldon, Mrs Vine, J Seaford, M Davidson, Mrs Richard, Mrs Groden, J R Jacobs, Mrs Jacobs, Miss A Booth, R Bainbridge, Miss Ross, Chas Lincoln, M Merchant, D Warren, P Tucker, R H Taylor, Mrs Ripley, M J McCullen, C J McCullen, Miss Hendley, Miss Fisher, Miss Jones, Mrs Goodman, Mrs Watkin, Miss Woodell, Mrs Goodacre, Mrs Dervin, Mrs McMott, A Malloy, W T Barnum, A C Knox, Miss B Booth, W Wesley, J Whally, J L Sommer, Mrs Sommer, Miss Dahl, Miss Beswrod, Mrs J. B Thompson, Mrs McIntosh, Mrs F Weston, Mrs Hall, Mrs Foster, Mrs Patton, Miss Harkness, Miss Thomas, P Davis, Mrs Barnum, Miss Barnum, P E Strathorn, A H Hilton, Mr Penn, Mrs Fink, Miss Fink, F A Munsey, H M Stone, Mrs Stone, Mrs Green, Miss Green, Jas Jeffrey, Miss Barnum, Mrs Strathorn, Mrs Hilton, Miss Doher, Jas Athor, Miss Robin, Mrs Robertson, Mrs Selby, Miss Selby, Mrs Davis, Mrs Wilson, A H Cline, E H Ames, M F Dorones, B J Perry, Mrs B J Perry, Mrs Leiser, Miss Leiser, H P Slater, E S Seely, Mrs Knows, Mrs Henry, Mrs Gibbon, E Munroe, Mrs Ames, A R Allen, T R Rosran, Miss Mally, Mrs Lennie, Rev Coswell, Mrs Coswell, Master Coswell, J H Gray, W Miller.

Per steamer Utopia from the Sound—J J Shallcross, G W White, C A Cushing, W H Snell, Mrs Snell, J Monroe, W Glenfesty, C Wilhelm, E Hockett, Mrs Obetham, Mrs Smith, Mrs Carter, J H Carter, W Maybee, H J Bailey, P Butler, H Eckart, F Dana, J G Taylor, Miss Rowe, Mrs Bailey, Mrs Butler, Mrs. Bresham, Mrs Davis, Miss Taylor, James Post, Mrs Post, Miss Warren, R Mattison, J M Cameron, J W Davis, Wm Stage, R Bradley, H B Boggs, J Brown, L Dupont, H Clark, J Hyde, J Smith, E Leonard, J Garrett, E H Walker, R W McKinnel, T Walter, J Smith, G A Hole, J Ottinger, Mrs Harrison, J Sprague, R C Talbert, Mrs Talbert, J McCormick.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—D Spencer, F R Stewart & Co, Valo & Brooks, E G Prior & Co, J Piercy & Co, Watson & McGregor, G E Munro & Co, Brackman-Ker Milling Co.

Per steamer North Pacific from the Sound—H B Co, P McQuade & Son, R P Rithet & Co, H Wiswell, Geo T Kronshea, James Hairst, Weiler Bros, Speed Bros, Indian Charity School, L Goodacre, A & W Wilson, Union B.

Per steamer Utopia from the Sound—Lenz & Leiser, C E Stevenson, Marine Iron Wks, J Hirst, T J Trapp & Co, Wintemute Furn Co, Berry & Stewart, W J Anderson, Sidney Shore Co, W Mable, Albion Iron Wks, Wilson, J P Piercy, E B Marvin, W H Walkin & Co, N P Ex Co.

DEAFNESS OF 12 YEARS' STANDING.—Protracted Catarrh produces deafness in many cases. Capt. Ben. O'nnor, of Toronto, Canada, was deaf for 12 years from Catarrh. All treatments failed to relieve. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder gave him relief in one day, and in a very short while the deafness left him entirely. It will do as much for you. 50 cents. Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.—33.

Shirt and Hat Reductions

50 doz. Fancy Pleated and Regatta Shirts, reduced to 80c each; worth $1.25 and $1.50. 20 dozen White Dress Shirts, reduced to 45c. 25 dozen Boys' Straw Hats, worth 75c; now 25c each. See the range of Stiff and Fedora Hats, reduced to $2.00 each. new shapes and styles.

We Must Raise $20,000 By August 1st. Bargains For Cash.

B. Williams & Co.,
68-70 YATES STREET.

HEARTY PRAISE FROM QUEBEC.

A Racine Man Expresses Himself Strongly For Dodd's Kidney Pills.

His Letter Is Typical of Hundreds Lately Received From Lower Province—Same Work Being Done All Over the Dominion—Dodd's Kidney Pills Stand Alone in the Conquest of Kidney Disease.

Racine, Que., July 19.—(Special.)—It is a very strange thing, but lately all through this province, the people have been talking in a straight, downright way about the medicine, Dodd's Kidney Pills. Never before has a remedy made so many warm, outspoken friends for itself. Whatever part of Quebec one chances to be in, the mentioning of Dodd's Kidney Pills is always enough to bring forth the grateful story of an experience with this most remarkable remedy from one of the listeners.

These experiences include nearly all the fatal, non-contagious diseases, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Bladder and Urinary Disorders, Female Trouble, Heart Trouble, Blood Diseases, Nervous Complaints are all emphatically declared to have been entirely cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills. But more than any other complaint, Backache counts oftener.

Emile Coutare, of this town, says they cured him of Backache and other Kidney troubles, and writes a letter for publication in this paper to that effect.

"I am going to say a word concerning Dodd's Kidney Pills," he writes. "I cannot do otherwise than praise this wonderful medicine heartily, for I am now, owing to Dodd's Kidney Pills, in perfect health. For some time I have not felt the slightest pain in the back. My kidneys are working properly. When I go to bed I find rest, whereas before using Dodd's Kidney Pills I got up more fatigued than the night before. I had pain in the back and headache which broke my sleep.

"I have taken only three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and cannot help but credit them with my cure. I have been free from my trouble since taking Dodd's Kidney Pills."

FIRE ALARM SYSTEM

Headquarters Fire Department, Telephone No. 558.

3—Birdcage W'k & Superior St., James B.
4—Carr and Simcoe streets, James Bay.
5—Michigan and Menzies Sts., James Bay.
6—Menzies and Niagara Sts., James Bay.
7—Montreal and Kingston Sts., James Bay.
8—Montreal and Simcoe Sts., James Bay.
9—Dallas Rd. and Simcoe St., James Bay.
14—Vancouver and Burdette streets.
15—Douglas and Humboldt streets.
16—Humboldt and Rupert streets.
22—Yates and Broad streets.
23—Fort and Government streets.
24—Yates and Wharf streets.
25—Johnson and Government streets.
26—Douglas street, between Fort & View.
27—Headquarters Fire Dept., Cormorant St.
31—View and Blanchard streets.
32—Fort and Quadra streets.
34—Yates and Cook streets.
35—Yates and Stanley avenue.
36—Junction Oak Bay and Cadboro roads.
37—Cadboro and Richmond roads.
41—Quadra and Pandora streets.
42—Chatham and Blanchard streets.
43—Caledonia and Cook streets.
45—Spring Ridge.
51—Douglas and Discovery streets.
52—Government and Princess streets.
53—King's road and Second street.
54—Fountain, Douglas St. and Hillside Ave.
56—Oaklands Fire Hall.
61—Cormorant and Store streets.
62—Discovery and Store streets.
63—John and Bridge streets.
64—Catherine street, Victoria West.
65—Springfield Ave., and Esquimalt road.
71—Douglas street and Burnside road.

Birmingham is the greatest brass-making town in the world, and it keeps in steady employment an average of 7,000 brass-workers. Paris comes in a good second. In the former town the hands work nine hours a day, and earn, when competent, about 30s. to 33s. a week; while in the latter city they work ten hours, and earn 40s. a week.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1900.

Walter Baker & Co.'s
PURE, HIGH GRADE
Cocoas and Chocolates.

Breakfast Cocoa.—Absolutely pure, delicious, nutritious, and costs less than one cent a cup.

Premium No. 1 Chocolate.—The best plain chocolate in the market for drinking and also for making cake, icing, ice-cream, etc.

German Sweet Chocolate.—Good to eat and good to drink; palatable, nutritious, and healthful.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd.
ESTABLISHED 1780.
DORCHESTER, MASS.
BRANCH HOUSE, 12 and 14 St. John St., MONTREAL.

TRADE-MARK ON EVERY PACKAGE.

Souvenir of the Royal Visit.

Recognizing that the approaching stay of Their Royal Highnesses

The Duke and Duchess of York

Will mark an epoch in the history of the City of Victoria and the Province of British Columbia, the publishers of The

Victoria Daily Times

SPECIAL SOUVENIR EDITION

Are prepared to issue a

Which will be published concurrently with the holding of the B. C. Agricultural Exhibition.

This number, which is issued under the patronage of His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen, will consist of fifty or sixty pages, printed on the finest paper, and embellished with over one hundred fine half tone engravings, illustrating the resources of British Columbia and the beauties and wealth of Victoria and Vancouver Island.

Over 30,000 copies of this superb magazine edition, which will be enclosed in a handsome cover, will be circulated at the time of the Exhibition, thus affording an

Excellent Opportunity For Advertisers

to bring before the numerous visitors to Victoria during this civic carnival their ability to cater to the wants of the public

As the advertising will be limited, application should be made early for space to

The Times Printing and Pub. Co.

TIME LIMITED, NOT DISTANCE.

Denmark was absolutely the pioneer in cheap railway fares. The fares were reduced all round, so that the longer the distance the greater the reduction, but, at the same time, the return ticket system was abolished for journeys within Denmark.

One of the greatest boons to business men and holiday makers is the so-called fortnightly ticket. For third class it costs 22s. 3d. and for second class £1 15s. 6d. Such a ticket entitles the holder to travel all over Denmark for a term of fourteen days. He can go wherever he cares to go, and as many times over the same route as he may wish within the time paid for—namely, fourteen days. A holiday maker may visit every place of interest in Denmark during that time, and if he found any pleasure in travelling from town to town night and day for the period he could do so. He pays the price of £1 2s. 3d., with a deposit of 5s. 6d. for the ticket, on which a photograph of the holder is pasted, and at the expiration of the fourteen days he returns the ticket and gets the 5s. 6d. deposit back.

He can also buy a ticket for a month, which costs 50 per cent. more, and the longer the time the greater the reduction. While a fortnightly ticket costs 22s. 3d., a 12-month ticket costs £10. If the passenger had to pay for a 12-month ticket at the rate of 22s. 3d. per fortnight it would cost him £26 14s. Thus the reduction is over 150 per cent.

If instead of paying for a fortnightly ticket a traveller went from Esbjerg to Copenhagen and back as often as he could within fourteen days, and bought ordinary tickets for each trip, they would cost him over £6, and this amount would be doubled in a fortnight if he went sightseeing from one place to another, travelling all over Denmark in easy stages.

Season tickets can also be had for journeys between two towns. In this case the price for one month is, say 5s., 7s. 6d. for two months, and £1 10s. for a whole year. Young people under the age of 18 travel for half price.—London Express.

When you feel weak, run down, nervous, unable to work or think as you ought, take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. They'll build up your health and give you strength and energy.

In marching, soldiers take 75 steps per minute; quick marching, 108; and in charging, 150 steps.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE
STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.
OPEN FROM 6 P.M. TO 10 P.M.

The Institute is free for the use of Sailors and shipping generally. Is well supplied with papers and a temperance bar. Letters may be sent here to await ships. A parcel of literature can be had for outgoing ships on application to manager. All are heartily welcome.

ARTIFICIAL.

First Lady (in the Park)—"I see you haven't 'Puggy' with you this morning."

Second Lady—"No; the damp weather is apt to take the curl out of his tail."

DR. VON STAN'S PINEAPPLE TABLETS.—Medical science by accident discovered the potency of the pineapple as a panacea for stomach troubles. The immense percentage of vegetable pepsin contained in the fruit makes it an almost indispensable remedy in cases of dyspepsia and indigestion. One tablet after each meal will cure most chronic cases. 60 in a box, 35 cents. Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.—32.

DERMYL

The new toilet lotion

Chapped Hands, Sunburn, etc.

Not sticky or greasy. Gloves can be worn immediately after using. 25c. a bottle. Prepared only by

John Cochrane,
CHEMIST,
N.W. Cor. Yates & Douglas Sts.

Prominent Financier

President of Large Life Insurance Company and Party in City.

Says Most Buoyant and Hopeful Feeling Prevails Throughout the Dominion.

There arrived last evening by the Charmer a party comprising some of the most able financiers in the Dominion, including the president of the Mutual Life Insurance company of Canada. The party consists of President Robt. Melvin and Miss Melvin, of Guelph, Ont., E. P. Clement and Mrs. Clement, of Berlin, Ont., and G. Wegenast and Mrs. Wegenast, of Waterloo, Ont.

President Melvin is well known in Canadian financial circles. He is a native of Glasgow, and came to this country in his early years, bringing with him a substantial stock of sterling worth and ability, which has placed his in the prominent position he now occupies. He can no longer be included among the young men of the nation, but the efficient administration of the affairs of the company is a striking commentary on his intellectual grasp of the details which come under his supervision.

Mr. Wegenast, who accompanies him, is the company's general manager, while Mr. Clement is one of the directors. The present tour will have both its pleasure and business aspects. In fact when it is remembered that the great object of all insurance companies, as Mr. Clement pointed out this morning, is the secure investment of its funds, it can readily be seen that every worthy opportunity for investment will be improved. The fact was brought out this morning in conversation with several members of the party that there was a strong possibility of a considerable quantity of capital being invested here by the large and influential company represented by them in the near future.

Despite the fact that owing to the exigencies of their itinerary the party will be able to spend only to-day in the city, Mr. Melvin courteously devoted some time to conversation with a Times representative at the Driard this morning. The president occupies a coign of vantage, as it were, from which he can obtain a birds-eye view of the condition of the country. He has his fingers on the financial pulse, and is therefore qualified to speak authoritatively on the progress of the Canadian people at large. Canada, he said, was never so buoyant. Throughout the entire domain they had found a feeling of hopefulness which was justified by the general prosperity. In Manitoba he had not heard one complaint. Even last year when adverse climatic conditions worked havoc with the crops, the misfortune had been borne with perfect equanimity. This year the crops throughout Ontario, Manitoba and other points were excellent. Everybody was busy, and everybody prosperous. In Ontario there were few out of employment, and good wages were being earned.

Mr. Melvin is a staunch Liberal. He has stood by the Grit standard through failure and success for many generations. He was pleased to say that Guelph, the city in which he resided, had gone Liberal always, with the exception of 1896. This reverse could be attributed to the gloomy predictions of manufacturers, who said that without a protective tariff they would be compelled to close down. The same information was volunteered by the manufacturers of North Waterloo, now represented by Jos. Seagram, the distiller.

The return of the Liberal party, however, dissipated these impressions. The manufacturers, both Mr. Melvin and Mr. Clement pointed out, were busier now than ever. They were compelled to increase their staff and work their factories overtime. The Tory candidate, C. Kloepfer, who was defeated by Mr. Guthrie at the last election in one of the Wellington ridings, had done more business during the last five years than ever before. In fact he had doubled the capacity of his establishment.

Regarding the mooted resignation of Sir Louis Davies, the president had heard nothing from which it might be inferred that a successor was under the official eye. In fact he had had a long conversation with Hon. Wm. Patterson, Minister of Customs, at Banff, and that gentleman had made no reference to the subject.

Mr. Melvin was formerly mayor of Guelph, and a leading member of the board of trade at that place. He has been identified with the Mutual company since its organization in 1869, and on the retirement of I. E. Bowman, he was immediately selected as the man for the post.

The party spent to-day touring the city, and will leave to-night en route home.

TO SELECT A DEFENDER.

Nine Yachts Start in the Trial Race To-Day.

(Associated Press.)

Chicago, Ills., July 20.—A fairly strong southeast wind prevailed to-day, when the first of the trial races to select a defender for the Canada Cup on August 10th was begun. The start, over the triangular course of 21 nautical miles, was made in an excellent manner by the following yachts: Minola, of Chicago; Detroit, of Detroit; Illinois, of Chicago; Orion, of Milwaukee; Briar, of Chicago; Cadillac, of Detroit; Prairie, of Chicago; Milwaukee, of Milwaukee, and Yankee, of Chicago.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Scheme to Send Mail Across the Atlantic in Two Days.

(Associated Press.)

New York, July 20.—Postmaster-General Smith is in receipt of a letter offering a scheme to send the United States mail across the Atlantic in two days, says a Washington special to the Herald. The text is given as follows:

"I take the liberty to inform you that I have a scheme to convey the mails to Europe within two days. I should like to submit the idea to the government, and if it can be carried through should ask some compensation."

The Postmaster-General has asked for further information.

NEW METHODS AND OLD.

An Offence for Which the Ducking-Stool Was Used as Punishment.

"In the days of our forefathers the defendant in this action, if she had been guilty of what is charged against her," said Mr. Justice Darling in the King's Bench court, London, "would have been ducked in a horse pond. That was the remedy approved of for many centuries. We are more civilized now, and under the provisions of recent legislation it is possible to bring an action in the High court."

The action was one for damages brought by Mrs. Rebecca Levy against her aunt, Mrs. Berg, the latter having, it was alleged, made aspersions on Mrs. Levy's character.

The dispute attracted a large audience, mostly from the neighborhood of Commercial road.

The defendant conducted her case for herself.

"I thought, gentlemen," said Mr. Justice Darling to the jury, "we should get at the truth best by letting them go on here just as they would in the market."

The jury, having heard the litigants out, returned a verdict for the plaintiff with a farthing damages, and the judge allowed one farthing costs.

INFLAMED FEET.

Foot Elm relieves the inflammation and soreness of chafed, swollen and sweating feet. It soothes and cools bunions, corns and ingrowing toenails.

There is no sore, painful, or disagreeable condition of the feet that Foot Elm will not relieve and cure. Refuse substitutes and imitations that injure the feet. Foot Elm is 25c. a box at all druggists or by mail. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

Steamer Charmer left Vancouver at 1.40 p.m. and did not connect with the train, which was thirteen hours late.

Baseball

EVERETT

vs.

VICTORIA

Monday, July 22nd

—AT—

....OAK BAY....

Game called at 4 p. m.

ORIGIN OF NAVAL CUSTOMS.

A curious fact, not generally known, is that the black silk handkerchief which Jack knots around his throat was first worn as mourning for Nelson, and has ever since been retained. The three white stripes around the broad blue collar of the sailor's jumper commemorate the victories of Trafalgar, Copenhagen and the Nile. Thus the Nelson legend affects not only Jack's work, but his food and clothing as well. The broad blue collar itself is older than the great admiral. It was first adopted at that period when sailors plastered their hair into a stiff pigtail with grease and powder.

At nine o'clock each night the sentry in every ship in harbor fires off his rifle. For the origin of this custom we may have to look back to the days of flint-locks. Then, in order to test the priming and see that his weapon was in usable condition, the sentry had to fire it off each night. There is no necessity for such a test with modern rifles; but the nine o'clock firing is religiously carried out.

Every officer or man climbing to the quarter-deck salutes. The origin of this usage dates back a long way. When England was a Roman Catholic country a crucifix stood on the quarter-deck of all ships. Every time any of the crew approached this holy symbol they crossed themselves. Out of that has grown the custom of saluting the quarter-deck. —Exchange.

INSECT PESTS.

Few countries have suffered more from the introduction of insect pests than the Hawaiian Islands. The two chief products of these islands are sugar and coffee, while a considerable amount of fruit is also grown. Along with the imported trees came their insect enemies, notably the scale insect and the aphis. In the course of time these increased so prodigiously that they threatened to destroy the industries of the country. Man is doomed to a constant struggle against nature, and he is often compelled, so to speak, to fight her with her own weapons. So it was in this case. The trees were being destroyed by insects; remedy: import more insects. So in 1890 a certain ladybird (Vedalia cardinalis) was sent over from Australia. It became completely naturalized, and increased prodigiously, feeding on the scale insects, which it soon reduced in numbers, until they became comparatively scarce. But there were other insect plagues—aphides and others of different orders. The government therefore employed a naturalist to import more insects. These were brought from Australia, and many of them were ladybirds. Several of them have established themselves and done good service. One of the most useful is a ladybird which feeds on the aphides, which had seriously attacked the sugar canes. It has done such good work that there is every prospect of the canes being speedily cured—Chambers's Journal.

—A lady is as well pleased with a dressing table as anything you can give her. See the styles at Weiler Bros.

Buster—I am having awful luck. I am now down to my last shilling.

Dedbroke—Pshaw, that's nothing! Wait till you are down to the last shilling of your last friend.

AUCTION

SHORT NOTICE SALE

Will be held on

TUESDAY, JULY 23rd,

At 2 p. m. sharp, 73 Yates street.

Household Furniture, Etc.

Square Piano; B. W., Ash, Maple and Fir Bedsteads; Brussels, Tapestry and Carpet Squares; Occ. and other Tables and Chairs; Rep. Chairs; 2 Lounges; Leaf Tables; Sewing Machines; Hanging and Fountain Lamps; Carpet Sweeper, Lace and Damask Curtains; Churn; Cook Stoves; Air-Tight Heaters; Box, Wire and other Mattresses; Baby Buggies; Pictures; Barrel Cream of Tartar; 2 Horses, etc., etc.

Terms cash.

JONES, CRANE & CO.,
Dominion Government Auctioneers.

STERILIZATION OF WATER.

The advent of the hot weather, and the possible prospect of a dry summer, with its accompanying shortness of water, lends additional interest to any new process for the sterilization of water. It is only comparatively recently that ozone has been used for this purpose, owing to the difficulty of obtaining ozonized air in sufficient quantity. Abraham and Marmier have devised a process which overcomes this difficulty.

Air is ozonized in a specially constructed air-tight chamber by means of a silent electric discharge. The electrodes made of cast iron hollow plates, are hung side by side in this chamber in such a manner that there is plenty of air space between them. The plates are isolated from one another by thick sheets of plate glass. As ozone is destroyed by heat, it is essential that the chamber should not become too hot during the discharge, and therefore cold water is passed through the hollow electrodes, the positive electrodes being supplied from one tank and the negative from another, to prevent risk of a short circuit being made. Further insulation is insured by causing the cooling water to enter the electrodes in drops and to leave in drops. A passage pierces all the electrodes but the last. Air is forced by means of a fan through an opening at one end of the chamber, circulates through the passage and around the electrodes, and leaves by a pipe at the other end in an ozonized condition. Only two or three per cent. of the oxygen of the air should be in the form of ozone, owing to the risk of forming oxides of nitrogen, which would render the water acid. The ozonized air is then forced up a tower, down which the water to be sterilized passes in the form of a spray.

The process has been recently tested in connection with the water supply of the town of Lille with satisfactory results. The Lille water usually contains from 1,000 to 4,000 organisms per c. c., but after sterilization by this process experiments showed only 60 to 100 non-pathogenic organisms per c. c.—London Morning Post.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

(Furnished by the B. C. Stock Exchange, Limited.)

New York, July 20.—The following quotations ruled on the Produce Exchange to-day:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
September	74⅝	74⅝	74⅛	74¼
Corn—				
September	58	58¼	57⅞	58⅜
Liverpool Wheat—				
September	5s. 7½d.	..	..	5s. 7½d.

New York, July 20.—The following quotations ruled on the Stock Exchange to-day:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Sugar	143⅞	143⅞	142¼	142¼
C. M. & St. P.	163	164	158⅝	158⅞
People's Gas	114¼	114¾	113¼	113½
Manhattan	119⅝	120	118	118
B. R. T.	77⅜	78	77	77
Union Pacific	103	104	99⅝	99⅞
Atchison	74¼	74⅞	71⅝	72
Atchison pfd.	96¾	96⅜	94	95
U. S. Steel	39⅝	40½	39⅜	39⅝
Louis. & Nash	105½	105⅝	104⅜	104⅜
Southern Pacific	56¼	56⅞	54⅝	55
Southern Railways	30	30¼	29½	29¼
Wabash pfd.	39¼	38½	38¼	38¼
Missouri Pacific	105⅝	107¼	104⅞	104⅞
Colorado Southern	13½	13½	13½	13½
Erie	37⅜	37⅜	36½	36½
Am. Tobacco	131	131	131	131
Amal. Copper	115⅝	115⅝	113⅝	113⅝
Chic. Great West.	23	23	23	23
Rock Island	145	145½	144½	144½

Money offered at 3 per cent.

TELEPHONES, 233, 16.

B. H. Hurst & Co.

STOCK BROKERS.

Mining and Financial Agents.

44 FORT ST.

LEMPS.

The demand for

Lemp's Extra Pale St. Louis Beer

is constantly on the increase, which is sufficient evidence of its quality. No other Bottled Beer compares with it; always the same,

PURE, SPARKLING, WHOLESOME AND REFRESHING

A grand feature of the Lemp's Beer is that should a bottle be opened and contents not all consumed at once, the remaining quantity in the bottle is just as good the next day; it does not get "flat" as most beers do. This is a great saving to the dealer or consumer. The cost of Lemp's Extra Pale is no more than other imported beers, but the quality is far superior.

The Lemp's can be had at all first-class Hotels, Clubs, Restaurants and Refreshment places throughout British Columbia and the Yukon Territory.

Ask your grocer for it; if he does not keep it come to us; we will see that you are supplied. Never sold in bulk. Bottled only at the Brewery in St. Louis.

Take no Substitute

PITHER & LEISER

IMPORTERS, VICTORIA, B.C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A good woman, to keep house for two gentlemen. Apply J. C. L., Evening Times.

WANTED—280 No. 1 split cedar posts, 7 feet long; state lowest price laid down near Macaulay Point, to "S.," Times Office.

WANTED—Partner, in a manufacturing business; capital required, $500; American preferred. Address J. L., Times Office.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms. Reply, stating price. Address J. R., Times, City.

WANTED—An organist, for city church. Apply X. Y. Z.

WANTED—Dining room girl. Apply Dominion hotel.

THE COMPANIONS OF THE FOREST are requested to attend a special meeting on Monday, 22nd, at 8 p. m.; business of importance. Chief Companion, E. H.

RESTAURANT FOR SALE—Doing good business. Low rent, lease. Good reasons for selling. Apply Mrs. Walker, City Chop House, Johnson street.

PROVINCIAL ROYAL JUBILEE HOSPITAL

TENDERS FOR SUPPLIES.

Sealed tenders will be received for supplying the above institution from August 1, 1901, to July 31, 1902, with the following articles, to be delivered free: Meat, poultry, vegetables, groceries, milk and drugs.

Tenders for scavenging and for printing and binding the tenth annual report will also be received.

Tenders to be delivered to the undersigned on or before noon on Thursday, July 25, 1901.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to

F. ELWORTHY, Secretary,
Board of Trade Building.

WORKMEN'S INSURANCE.

The system of workmen's insurance in Germany is a huge piece of state machinery. The magnitude of the system may be estimated by the fact that it pays out, in one way or another, about 1,000,000 marks (£50,000) a day. The sick workman has no longer to trouble himself as to how he shall obtain money to pay for medical treatment, and what will become of his family should he himself be rendered unfit for work. The workman whose earning power is reduced by an accident connected with his employment now obtains just compensation, and the aged poor have the satisfaction of knowing that although they can no longer work they can still, owing to the insurance system, contribute their share towards the expenses of the household, and are not obliged to depend on the earnings of their children or on ordinary public charity. The system of workmen's insurance has been gradually built up within the last seventeen years, but it is admitted that improvements are required, and gaps have still to be filled in.—British Medical Journal.

The Queen of Roumania is a successful lecturer, as learned as eloquent, but she only goes on the platform in the privacy of her palace, where the young ladies of the best families are her audiences.

THE BEST OF THE BEST

Mackilligin's O. V. Scotch Whisky.

W. A. WARD

Sole Agent. Bank of Montreal Bldg., Victoria, B. C.

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Take your choice of the following goods at 50c. on the dollar: TOP and UNDERSKIRTS, BLOUSES, CAPES, WRAPPERS, DRESS GOODS, SILKS, SATINS, GENTS' TOP and UNDERSHIRTS, WATCHES, JEWELLERY, NOTIONS and FANCY GOODS of all kinds. These goods must be cleared out at 50c. on the dollar.

RAHY COMPANY

Campers, Attention

We are headquarters for everything you want.

Cooked meats of all kinds.
Pork, Veal and Ham, and Chicken Pies.
Fresh Butter, Eggs, and all kinds of Fruit.

Windsor Market,

W. H. Beaty, Manager.

97 AND 99 FORT STREET.

Baron Kentero Kaneko, Japan's new Minister of Justice, is one of the best English scholars in Japan, speaking the language with fluency and writing it with almost the same diplomatic precision as a native. He is a graduate of Harvard and acquired his legal training in Japan. He is 47 years old.

Count Tolstoi's study is a small room with an unpainted and uncarpeted floor, vaulted ceiling and thick stone walls. These last are covered with implements of labor.

THE BUSY MAN OF TO-DAY

Couldn't accomplish half the work without the aid of the many labor-saving electric appliances. If you want your house, store or building wired for electric lighting, burglar alarm, call bells, telephones or any electrical device, we will do it in the most scientific manner at a reasonable price.

THE HINTON ELECTRIC CO., LD.,

62 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Selling Out Our Business

To Make Room For the Rapidly Growing Branch of

Which it is our intention to shortly reorganize on a larger scale on a cash basis. We have decided to sell out our entire Tailoring Stock.

SALE BEGINS MONDAY, THE 22nd.

This is undoubtedly the largest and most select stock of Ladies' and Men's Tailoring Goods west of Toronto. TO EFFECT A QUICK SALE we have made almost ridiculous reductions as the following quotations will show.

All our $35 to $45 suits reduced to....$25
All our $30 to $35 suits reduced to....$20
All our fine stock of trouserings from $8 to $12, regular price; reduced to the one price....$5

All of the above goods are made and trimmed in the very best possible manner.

Remember $5 buys any pair of trousers in the stock, regardless of price.

LADIES' AND MENS' SUITINGS BY THE YARD.

Regular $2.25 goods, reduced to....$1.00
Regular $2.50 to $2.75 goods, reduced to....$1.25
Regular $3 to $3.50 goods, reduced to....$1.50
Regular $5 to $6 good, reduced to....$2.50

At these prices it will pay to buy goods for use in years to come. These goods are purposely marked low to clear at once. If then you would take advantage of these great bargains do it quickly. Remember the money-savers are the first always to take advantages like this, so come early.

GEO. R. JACKSON, 57 GOVERNMENT STREET

A Native Indian Colony

(No. III.)

To assist in managing the affairs of the colony, Mr. Duncan selected ten men, whom he constituted constables, and who, with the three chiefs, formed a sort of village council. No intoxicating drinks were admitted, drunkenness was therefore a vice entirely unknown. Some few, on their visits to Fort Simpson, transgressed; and "two whose cases were clearly proved, and admitted of no extenuating circumstances, were banished from the settlement." A tax was levied for public improvements. The decision was arrived at by the village council that a yearly tax of one blanket, or two dollars and a half for every adult male, should be levied for helping to carry on the proposed public works which were: 1. To make a road round the village. 2. To build two good sized houses for the accommodation of strange Indians coming for the purpose of trade. 3. To fix rests on the shore for canoes when unemployed, and to lay slides for moving the canoes along the beach and into the water at low tides. 4. To sink wells, to form a public playground, etc.

Those public works which provided employment for the adult population, kept them away from labor markets which presented temptations too strong and vices too fascinating for the Indian in his then morally infantile condition to resist. With the same view the preparation of articles for exportation to Victoria, such as salt, smoked fish, fish grease, dried berries, furs, etc., was encouraged. Mr. Duncan, at the same time, laid his plans for the successful operation of this branch of labor, which would render the settlement independent of the visits of the very objectionable class of men employed in running small vessels up the coast, and whose chief trade was in intoxicating drinks. It was known that "the visits of these traders to the Indian camps were invariably marked by murder and the very maddest riots. Family ties were broken. A young man, under the influence of fire-water, will shoot his wife or his mother, his sister or his brother; and if he be spared through the revel, he awakens to bitter remorse, and becomes desperate. The peace of tribes is broken; war begins, blood is shed, and wounds made which will take gengrations of time to heal, and for which many innocent lives may have to compensate."

The plan proposed was to purchase a small vessel, to be subscribed for by the Indians themselves in sums of $5 or $7—or the equivalent in furs. An indirect advantage likely to arise from the adoption of this plan was, having the vessel in their own hands the Indians would be sure to take more interest in it, and be more ready to exert themselves to keep it well and profitably employed. Mr. Duncan having laid those views before the colonial government received a grant of $500 towards the required vessel. During the year 1863, the Indians subscribed $400; the balance was made up by Mr. Duncan himself, who paid $1,500 for the schooner, and commenced, at his own risk, to supply the villagers with goods, and to convey their produce for sale to Victoria.

The venture proved quite successful. On the trip south the "Carolin" brought down fish oil, furs, Indian food, etc., and returning brought all the goods requisite for a village store, and for traffic with the surrounding tribes. A meeting of those interested in the vessel was called after a few months' time, and after provision had been made for the current expenses, new sails, anchors, etc., a dividend was declared of $25 on each share. When the dividend money was given to the Indians, they were much puzzled, but after the transaction was fully explained to them, they were highly pleased, and proposed to name the schooner "Ahah," or "Slave," as she did all the work, and they got the profit. Mr. Duncan's share of the profits were devoted entirely to the objects of the mission. The actual management of the vessel was soon entrusted to the Indians themselves. Their conduct was everything that could be desired. One of them was registered in Victoria as master, and another as supercargo.

A writer in the Victoria Colonist, in 1864, describing the success of the settlement, remarks: "Mr. Duncan has been working hard to ascertain what his people's inclinations and abilties are, so as to class their occupation, and has in a great measure succeeded. He has now a number at work making shingles, building a new mission house, road-making, hunters, sawyers, etc. He has also taught them to make clogs for themselves, which are much prized. Those who break the laws are tried for the offence, and, if found guilty are sentenced to labor on public works. The settlement is assuming quite an imposing aspect. There are at present eight substantial houses in course of construction, and many inquiring for sites. The constables, eighteen in number (who are volunteers and desire no pay), do their duty admirably, without fear, favor or prejudice, and are held in awe by transgressors. No sooner was it announced that the vessel was about to proceed to Victoria, and was prepared to receive orders to execute, than the people flocked to it with commissions for every conceivable variety of goods, including even wall paper and household furniture."

The Bishop of Columbia on his first visit from Victoria to the Indian settlement, in 1863, for the purpose of administering baptism to the natives, thus describes his meeting with Mr. Duncan: "The Christian Indian settlement of Metlakahtla lies retired upon a recess of the bay, and is marked by a row of substantial wooden houses. An octagon building is the school, and a flag stands near, upon which ascended the national flag when we hove in sight, and fired the gun to announce our approach. We could soon distinguish a canoe putting off to us, and presently it approached, flying a flag. It was a large canoe, which had a warlike appearance, manned by ten Indians, and in it was seated Mr. Duncan, the missionary of Metlakahtla. After resting for the night, it was arranged that as the greater proportion of Mr. Duncan's Indians were away fishing at the Naas river, that he and the Bishop should visit the fishing stations and invite candidates for baptism to return to Metlakahtla."

At Naas village they found about 5,000 Indians collected from all parts—from islands of the sea, from the Russian territory, from the coast and from the interior. They were decked out in all their finery. "Their costumes were strange and fantastic; their faces were painted red and black; they wore feathers on their heads, and imitations of wild beasts on their dresses. The scene was a singular and animated one." It was the "eulachan," fishing season which attracts every year large numbers of Indians. "The fish are caught in vast quantities. Some of them are dried in the sun, others are pressed for the sake of the oil or grease, which has a market value as being superior to cod-liver oil, and which the natives use as butter with their dried salmon. The season is most important to them; the supply lasts them for the year." An assembly of 200, principally Metlakahtlans, gathered around—some sitting on the ground, others standing. The Bishop's address was interpreted by Mr. Duncan. Several hymns were sung. A prayer in Tsimshean was offered by Mr. Duncan. The Bishop remarked on the difference between the Metlakahtla Indians and the heathen. The former even at their ordinary fishing work were comparatively "clean, bright, cheerful, intelligent and well-mannered; they had evidently risen in the scale of human beings. Christianity had elevated them intellectually, morally and even physically. Here, too, they were under the disadvantage of being away from their village, and in a temporary abode. There were a few heathens with them who had been used to fish with them in former days. They were painted red or blackened, and were dirty and forbidding, making the contrast more striking."

The Bishop, accompanied by Mr. Duncan, made a further visit up Naas river to the village of Nikah, where they were met by about 160 natives who had quickly assembled. "There were chiefs; there were medicine men, with their red rings of bark on the head; there were cannibals and dog-eaters, some with faces painted fierce red, others black and red." The visitors then returned to their ship, the Devestation, at Fort Simpson. It was arranged that the candidates for baptism then at Naas river, should proceed the eighty miles back to Metlakahtla. They did not make the slightest objection to leaving the nets and fishing during the time absent. The Bishop reached the settlement on Saturday, when preliminaries were engaged in, preparing the catechumens to receive the rite of baptism which was to be administered to fifty-six of the candidates, who assembled in the church building, which is described as "a bare and unfinished octagon of logs and spars—a mere barn—sixty feet by sixty, capable of containing 700 persons. The roof was partly open at the top; and, though the weather was still cold (April 19th), there was no fire. A simple table, covered with a white cloth, upon which stood three handbasins of water, served for the font. The Bishop officiated in a surplice. On the same day fourteen children were also baptized."

Before his departure, the Bishop gave a feast of rice and molasses to all the village. "They assembled in the octagon. Cloths were laid, all brought their own dishes and spoons. There were three tables, at each of which one of the chiefs presided. Their custom is to eat little at the time, but take away the principal part of the allotted portion; all rise before and after the meal, for grace. Singing was then introduced; and excellent certainly were the strains of harmony poured forth in the English tongue. Several well known rounds were capitally sung. First a boat song; then 'God Save the Queen.' In this they were as quick and lively as any children in the world, the men joining, too, in good time, voices sweet and soft."

Having thus traced Mr. Duncan's work through its initial stages for a period of five years (1857-63), the following quotation from the words of the Bishop of Columbia, which express his own personal experience, and the unanimous testimony of those who have been able to watch the work in its gradual development. "To a worthy, zealous, and gifted lay brother, is this the reward of his loving and patient labors. Few would believe what Mr. Duncan has gone through during the past four years and a half. Truly is the result an encouragement to us all. It will probably be the commencement of an important movement amongst other tribes, of which we already have signs, and should call forth a very earnest effort on the part of the church to send forth a faithful and efficient band of additional laborers for this harvest of immortal souls."

The history of the next two years (1864-66) is one of uninterrupted progress, both in spiritual and secular matters. Respecting the former portion of the time, Mr. Duncan writes: "The officiating clergyman for the time was Rev. R. Dundas, one of the clergy of the British Columbia mission. A great number are now preparing for baptism, and I hope that very soon the whole settlement will be Christian. The Sunday services continue to be attended by congregations varying from 300 to 400. On Sunday evenings a meeting is held, after which there is singing and prayers; and not only in the settlement is good being done, but wherever these Indians go they carry their religion with them, always assembling themselves together for worship on Sunday, and getting as many of the heathen to join them as possible."

"Early in 1864 Mr. Duncan was cheered by the arrival of a fellow-laborer—sent out by the Church Missionary Society—the Rev. R. A. Doolan, of Caius College, Cambridge. He, accompanied by a native catechist, Samuel Marsden, was appointed to take charge of one of the highest villages, up the Naas river, about 100 miles distant from the head mission. Aided by several Christian Indians from Metlakahtla, Mr. Doolan was soon able to establish a flourishing mission station, which by reports, as late as 1871, was still doing a most important work. This was the first distinct offshoot from Mr. Duncan's work happily planted. A. B.

SCIATICA PUT HIM ON CRUTCHES.—Jas. Smith, dairyman, of Grimsby, Ont., writes: "My limbs were almost useless from sciatica and rheumatism, and, notwithstanding my esteem for physicians, I must give the credit where it belongs. I am a cured man to-day, and South American Rheumatic Cure must have all the credit. It's a marvel. Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.—34.

Aluminium is likely to be employed largely in the future for the manufacture of travelling trunks.

When the Curtain Falls

and you sit down to your after theatre luncheon, a delicious requisite is a bottle of

Saint Louis A·B·C Bohemian

"King of all Bottled Beers."

appetizing and health giving. Its perfect purity, beautiful color and sparkling brilliancy will endear it to the heart of every connoisseur, while its rich hop flavor is indescribably pleasing to the palate. The Ideal Family Beer.

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Our dainty book of menus—"Some German Suppers," free on request. The American Brewing Co., St. Louis, Mo.

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will not break at the waist.

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City of Nanaimo

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Ample time being allowed excursionists to inspect the largest canneries on the Pacific Coast and to view the fish traps en route.

Fifth Regiment Band in Attendance

Round Trip, $1.00

Canadian Pacific NAVIGATION CO., LD.

Direct Service to Skagway

ISLANDER	July 21,	8 a.m.
HA TING (via Charmer)	July 26,	1 a.m.
ISLANDER	July 31,	8 a.m.
HA TING (via Vancouver)	Aug. 5,	1 a.m.

And every five days following.

Connecting with White Pass & Yukon Railway for Dawson and Atlin.

To Vancouver daily at 1 a. m.

To Alert Bay, Rivers Inlet, Namu, Skeena River points, Naas, and intermediate points, every Thursday at 11 p. m.

To Lulu Island, Ladner, New Westminster, on Tuesday and Friday at 7 o'clock a. m.

From New Westminster for Chilliwack and way landings on Fraser river, Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 8 o'clock.

From Victoria for Alberni, Pt. Effingham, Uclulet, Clayoquot and Ahouset, 1st, 7th, 14th every month, at 11 p. m.

From Victoria for Alberni, Pt. Effingham, Uclulet, Ahouset, Clayoquot and Cape Scott, 20th every month at 11:00 o'clock p. m.

For all particulars as to rates, time, etc., apply to

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J. W. Troup, Manager, Victoria. E. J. COYLE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Vancouver

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

For San Francisco.

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July 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Aug. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Sept 1. Steamer leaves every fifth day thereafter.

FOR SOUTH-EASTERN ALASKA

LEAVE SEATTLE 9 P.M.

City of Topeka, July 5, 10, Aug. 3, 18.
Queen, July 9, 24, Aug. 8, 23.
Cottage City, July 12, 22, Aug. 1, 13, 28.
Al-Ki, July 14, 29, Aug. 14, 28.

Steamer leaves every fifth day thereafter.

Steamer leaves every fifth day thereafter.

The steamer Queen will leave Victoria for ports in South-Eastern Alaska at 6 a. m., July 10, 25, Aug. 9, 24. Steamer leaves Victoria every fifteenth day thereafter.

For further information obtain Company's folder. The Company reserves the right to change steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing, without previous notice.

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TICKET OFFICE, 618 First Ave., Seattle.
M. TALBOT, Commil. Agent.
C. W. MILLER, Asst. Genl. Agent, Ocean Dock, Seattle.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts., San Francisco.

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Mr. Asquith's Protest

His Much Talked of Speech—Denies Liberal Party Is Pro-Boer.

Defends Humanity of British Officers and Soldiers and Upholds Milner's Attitude.

Following is the Daily Chronicle's report of the much-talked-of speech of Mr. Asquith, delivered at a banquet to the defeated Liberal candidates for a division of the County of Essex, and which was an emphatic protest against the extreme sentiments entertained and avowed on the war question by a section of the party. In many quarters the speech is taken as foreshadowing an approaching split in the ranks of the Liberal party similar to that of 1886. Mr. Asquith, after some preliminary remarks, proceeded as follows:

We meet to-night under circumstances almost unexampled in the history of the Liberal party—(cheers)—and in a new situation. I have had appeals made to me by friends for whose judgment I have much respect not to address you to-night—to ignore recent events, and confine myself to prophesying sympathetic things, and to discoursing on the blessings of reunion. (Cheers.) I should be very glad to do so were it not that in my judgment such a course at the present moment would involve a gross dereliction of duty to the Liberal party and to the country. (Cheers.) Gentlemen, you will, perhaps, allow me to preface what I have to say by one observation of a personal character, especially addressed to my brother Liberals here and outside. If I talk to-night—as I shall do—both strongly and plainly, I venture to submit, without, I hope, undue egotism, that I have some little claim to be listened to. (Cheers.) For the best part of ten years I have sat in what is called the inner councils of the Liberal party. (Cheers.) During that time I have served under four successive leaders, with each of whom I have worked loyally and cordially. (Cheers.) I can honestly say that from first to last that has been my main and governing endeavor, amid all the embarrassments, personal and political, with which for years past our party has been afflicted. (Cheers.) It has been my governing aim, so far as possible, to strive for harmony where friction might be avoided—(cheers)—for reconciliation where differences could be bridged over without sacrifice of principles—and, above all, and before all, for the reconstruction of an united and militant Liberal party—(cheers)—which I have long believed, and which I still believe, to be the supreme and capital need of the country and the empire. (Prolonged cheers.) During the last two years, since the outbreak of the war, there have been amongst us differences of opinion as to its origin, and the causes which led to it—differences deep-seated, far-reaching and acute. I confess I had hoped in so far as they related, and they did relate mainly to the affairs of the past, we should now be content to leave them to be determined by the ultimate tribunal—the judgment of history. (Cheers.)

"To Ingeminate Peace."

During the last six months it has been my primary object at every Liberal meeting which I have addressed, in every Liberal company in which I have found myself, to preach union, and to urge concentration. Even at the risk of worrying my friends, I would use the description which Clarendon gives of Lord Falkland, "to ingeminate the word Peace," and though I had hoped that these efforts in which, so far as I have taken any part in them, I have had the most loyal and energetic co-operation from members of all sections of our party, were bearing fruit, it appears that there are people who will not have it so, and within the last week, without, so far as I know, any provocation of any sort or kind, a challenge has been deliberately, and even defiantly, thrown down, which, in view of the circumstances in which it was made, it would be impossible for any body of self-respecting men to pass by in silence. (Cheers.) Gentlemen, I do not know, and I beg forbearance in what I am going to say—and I am speaking under a deep sense of responsibility and with the best desire to promote the interests of our country—I do not know what were the objects of the promoters of that demonstration. But I do know that the effect has been to give the impression—an impression, I am certain, foreign to the intentions of some, at any rate, of the guests—(hear, hear)—but an impression that those members of our party who have taken the view which I have taken of the war are henceforth to regard themselves as definitely and authoritatively branded as schismatics. We were told—and we were told from lips whose every utterance commands great and deserved weight in this country and among the Liberal party—that we had placed ourselves in antagonism to the predominating and authorized creed of the Liberal party. Not only so—to such a degree can silence and the desire for party unity be misconstrued—but it was even suggested that many of us had reached the stage of repentance which is a prelude to a state of grace. After being blinded for two years to the teachings of the moral laws, our eyes, it was suggested, were being opened by the logic of events, and some of us had got so far as even conveniently to forget the opinions which we had deliberately, frequently and publicly expressed. Gentlemen, I read that language with as much amazement as sorrow. I do not know what may be the supposed foundation in fact for these suggestions, but I do know that the fact that they should have been brought forward from such a quarter and in such company has been the cause of keen anxiety and legitimate resentment to a body of as honorable men and as staunch and enthusiastic Liberals as can be found in the length and breadth of the kingdom. (Cheers.)

"Dispelling Misconception."

I have no desire to rake up the controversies of the past. There is nothing in the world so uncongenial to me as to enter into any kind of public disputation with an old friend and colleague by whose side I have often fought in the past—and by whose side I hope to fight in the future—but the consequences are so grave, both to the party and to the country, that I feel in duty bound to take this, the very first opportunity that has offered itself, to dispel it entirely and once for all. (Cheers.) We, and those for whom I am speaking, not for myself alone, but for a large number of my colleagues in the House of Commons—and a still larger body of Liberal opinion outside—who have taken that view, may be right or wrong; that time will show. We have never sought to make the holding of that view the test of the political orthodoxy of our fellow-Liberals, and I hope we never shall. (Loud cheers.) But that makes it all the more necessary for me to say in the plainest and most unequivocal terms that we have not changed our view, that we do not repent of it, and that we shall not recant it. (Cheers.) What is our view? It is desirable to come to close quarters upon this point—and I am sure you will not resent my plainness of speech—what have been the views put forward by the section of the party to whom I am referring? No one has denounced with more emphasis that great and piratical folly, the Jameson raid, the full responsibility for failing to probe which to its origin must be shared by a committee of the House of Commons—(loud cheers)—as well as for failing to bring its promoters to justice and punishment—(cheers)—and what is, perhaps, even more important, to provide prompt reparation for the mischief which had been done. (Loud and prolonged cheers.) No one, again, has spoken in stronger terms of the incomparable inertness which followed when the Transvaal was allowed to be converted into an armed camp, while the most elementary precautions, such even as the mapping out of our own colonies, were not taken. (Hear, hear.) We have not been sparing in our criticism of that strange mixture of precipitation and lethargy which characterized some parts of our government in the months that preceded the war. We have believed, and have always expressed the belief—if I may quote for the moment words of my own, used upon the very day that the Boer ultimatum was issued, and since only too amply verified by events—we have believed that this was a war which would bring to the people of Great Britain neither material advantage nor military glory. And so far I doubt whether there is any Liberal in this room who would not agree with me. But where we have parted company with our friends, and felt ourselves pledged to do so, was here: that we held, and still hold, that the war was neither intended nor desired by the government or the people of Great Britain—(cheers)—but that it was forced upon us without adequate reason. (Cheers.)

The War Not a Criminal Adventure.

I am not asking you for a moment to assent to my view, but I further say, here again diverting from the view of many of our friends, that we have held and hold that the blood which has been spilt, the treasure which has been spent, have been spilt and expended, not in a criminal adventure, not for the purpose of replacing the ascendency of one race by the ascendency of another, but that there may arise out of the scene at present of so much desolation and ruin, the fabric of a free, federated, self-governing South African dominion. (Loud cheers.) I say again these views may be right, or they may be wrong. ("Hear, hear," and cries of "Right.") But are we to be told that a man or a body of men who hold our views are to be regarded as apostates to the Liberal faith—(loud cries of "No")—and are not to be readmitted to the Liberal fold except upon terms of renunciation and penance? (Cries of "No.") I demur to the jurisdiction. (Cheers.) I know of no authority in the Liberal party, Pontificial or other, which has the power to pronounce this sentence, whether of excommunication or of absolution, and we shall be faced, when these distractions are over—and God grant that they may be soon—with the struggle, which our party has always and unceasingly waged in the past, against every form of political inequality and social injustice. (Cheers.) I have said what I had to say in terms which, although plain, are, I hope, free from offence.

Reunion.

For two reasons, one a party reason, and the other what I may call a reason of national policy, free from the party point of view, I have thought it right to be as clear and definite as I can, because, believe me, gentlemen—and I speak, I know, to many who do not hold my views upon this particular topic, and who are yet as good Liberals as I—you cannot have, and never will have real reunion or genuine co-operation in the Liberal party except upon terms of mutual tolerance and reciprocal respect. (Cheers.) It is better, in my opinion, that we should differ openly and frankly than that we should pretend to be at one when we are not; or, still worse, that any section among us should exult in the supposed capture and humiliation of another. (Cheers.)

I have said what I have because I wish it to be understood, so far as words of mine can carry weight, that such a declaration as that to which I have referred, such resolutions as were last night passed at a meeting in London, are not to be taken as in any sense an authoritative expression of the opinion of the Liberal party. (Loud and prolonged cheers.) There are friends of mine to whom the highest respect is due, and the genuineness of whose Liberalism I would not for a moment call in question, who think that this war was on the part of Great Britain, a huge national crime. There are some of them here to-night. They say further that to this national crime we have added day by day, month by month, and year by year, countless further crimes against God and humanity, and they say that the only way to put ourselves right is to surrender, unconditionally, to the Boers. ("No.") All I say about this is that, in whatever form this proposition is stated, it shall not go forth to the world, so long as I have a voice to be heard, that this is the opinion of the Liberal party. (Loud cheers.)

Criticism of the Government.

I have always agreed with those who say that whatever opinion we may have about the origin of the war, we ought not to hesitate to criticize the methods in which it is conducted. (Hear.) With that view I entirely agree. Allow me to give you two illustrations. I think that the policy which was carried on in the autumn of last year of farm-burning was a great military and political blunder. And I would apply even a stronger name to the discrimination which appears to have been shown in giving rations to the women in the camps according as to whether their husbands were or were not fighting. (Cheers.) But all these points we ought to keep perfectly apart from our views as to the righteousness or the unrighteousness of the war. (Cheers.) In my humble opinion there is no ground for a general charge of inhumanity against either side. We have heard from time to time terrible stories of supposed atrocities committed by the Boer leaders and the Boer soldiers. I believe these have been gross exaggerations, if not entire fiction, and although there may have been isolated cases—it would be a wonder if there were not—in which the Boers have shown callousness and cruelty, yet upon the whole every fair-minded man must say that the humility which our brave enemies have shown is only equalled by their courage. (Cheers.) But, gentlemen, I would say the same of our own generals, officers and soldiers—(cheers)—and I am almost ashamed to have to say such a thing, but I am speaking from a knowledge derived from a long and intimate acquaintance of him—I have to say that there is no man throughout the British Empire who is more permeated with the sentiments of humanity than Lord Milner himself. (Loud cheers.) And yet on Monday last I heard a member of the House of Commons say, in the course of debate, that Lord Milner had earned his promotion to a peerage by callousness and cruelty. (Shame.) I make no comment. But I have said before, and I say here again, that the verdict of history will show that the campaign in South Africa will compare favorably with any of the great campaigns which have been fought in the past, for humanity and generous treatment of their opponents by each other. (Cheers.)

The Concentration Camp.

Let me refer to a question which is just now properly agitating the public mind—the concentration camps into which the Boer women and children are gathered. A debate was raised in the House of Commons on Monday night—a debate which I considered premature, because the necessary information was not in our possession, and we had not then in our hands any adequate materials upon which to form a judgment. It was for this reason, and because of the temper and spirit in which the debate was initiated, that I declined to vote for the motion. But I protest against the idea that when a motion of this kind is brought forward by a private member on his own responsibility, every member of the party is not properly free, without suffering any imputations on his loyalty to the party, to follow the dictates of his own judgment. (Cheers.) That is a most preposterous figment of the imagination that was ever invented by a journalist in search of copy. (Cheers.) But there are grave and serious questions which still require to be discussed in the light of fuller knowledge in relation to these camps. The policy of concentration itself is one as to which I can only say that, in view of the state of things which existed in South Africa in February, I am not myself satisfied that an other way of treating these women and children could have been found which would not have involved them in greater suffering. We have had some startling and melancholy figures as to the rate of mortality in the camps. We have been told by a lady, whose energy and philanthropy it is impossible to over-praise, tales of suffering which a man must have a very hard heart indeed if he can read them unmoved. Let these things be inquired into as quickly as possible, but for Heaven's sake remember we have not got enough to quarrel about without making imputations upon each other's comparative lack of humanity or philanthropy. (Cheers.) No one in this room seriously in his heart believes that there is want of compassion on the part of any of us for these unfortunate victims of the war. (Cheers.) There is not one of us who would not strain every nerve to alleviate these sufferings, and as soon as possible to bring them to an end.

Unconditional Surrender.

One final word. I see a great deal has been said about what is called the policy of "unconditional surrender." I do not know who advocates the policy of unconditional surrender. I never met a Liberal who did; and if we are to judge from the solemn and oft-repeated assurance of His Majesty's government, they do not either. But, speaking as a Liberal to Liberals, I would say, Do we differ about it really? Let me tell you my views as to the annexation of the Boer republics.

I may say that I was one of those at the beginning of the war who had decried it possible not to interfere with the political status of the republics; not to incorporate them as part and parcel of the British Empire. I was a reluctant convert to the necessity of annexation, and I have not found among all my friends one who does not agree that the independence of these two republics is impossible. But there is another point upon which I think there is clearly complete agreement, and that is that there must be an intermediate era of resettlement before you can endow these states with the full machinery of autonomous government. That the arrangements which are to be made may be made entirely and single-mindedly with a view to the ultimate establishment of self-government is the hope and belief of every Liberal among us, and the ultimate goal of our policy in South Africa is the reconstruction of a free, federated dominion on the model of Canada or Australia—(cheers)—in which both the now estranged races can sit down side by side without the sacrifice of self-respect, and work together to promote the common advantage of what will then be their common country. (Cheers.) I am not under any delusions. I do not say, it is idle to say, that the ravages and bitterness of this unhappy war will leave no survival, but when we ask what is our policy as regards the future, I believe the more we discuss the matter the less our differences will appear to be, and the stronger our convictions that, even upon these lines, this terrible tangle can be unravelled. (Cheers.)

Well to Speak Out.

Subsequently, in responding to the toast of his health, Mr. Asquith said: In many ways it has been agreeable to me to make a speech on this occasion. I hope I have always acted on the principle that he does best service to the party who does not conceal his views—(cheers)—nor trim his sails carefully to catch the wind of popular applause, and who, having definite convictions firmly embedded in his mind, pays to the democracy of this country the compliment of stating these opinions definitely and unreservedly. (Cheers.) We have differed upon this war, and there is nothing to be gained by glossing over our differences. But the points upon which we agree are so infinitely wider in scope that there is nothing which ought to prevent our united and co-operative action. (Cheers.) I believe there is growing in the minds of the Liberal party, both in the House of Commons and the country, a sense of the pre-eminent importance of unity. I entertain the confident hope that before many months are over that conviction will press itself so emphatically that the party will proceed with collected and with united force along the road to progress, which it has always traversed in the past. The Liberal party holds that society exists not for individuals, but for the community. It demands equality of opportunity for all, and I believe it is yet destined to carry out its views. (Cheers.)

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RESERVE.

Notice is hereby given that all the unappropriated Crown lands situated within the boundaries of the following areas are hereby reserved from pre-emption, sale, or other disposition, excepting under the provisions of the mining laws of the Province, for two years from the date hereof, pursuant to the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 41 of the "Land Act," as amended by section 6 of the "Land Act Amendment Act, 1901," to enable the Pacific Coast Power Company, Limited, to select therefrom timber limits for wood pulp and paper manufacturing purposes, as provided by an agreement bearing date the 13th day of June, 1901, viz.:

Area 1.—All the surveyed land on both sides of Kingcome River, and the land surveyed between Kingcome Inlet and Bond Sound.

Area 2.—Commencing at the northeast corner of Lot 1; thence following up the river at the head of Thompson's Sound and its branches, a distance of ten miles, and having a width on each side thereof of one mile.

Area 3.—Commencing at the northern boundary of Lots 45, 55 and 56, on the Klena-Klene River; thence north along the said river and its branches five miles, and having a width on each side of one-half mile, including all surveyed lands.

Area 4.—Commencing on Wakeman Sound at the southwest corner of Lot 61; thence west on the 51st parallel of latitude to a point north of Embley Lagoon; thence south to said lagoon; thence southwesterly following the passage between Kinnaird Island and Pandora Head to Mills Passage; thence to Queen Charlotte Sound; thence southeasterly along the shore line of Noel Channel, and easterly along the centre of Fife Sound to Village Point; thence northwesterly to the north of Trivett Island to the mouth of Kingcome Inlet; thence north along the west shore of Wakeman Sound to the point of commencement.

Area 5.—Consisting of Harbledown and Turner Islands.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 22nd June, 1901.

NOTICE.

All mineral rights are reserved by the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company within that tract of land bounded on the south by the south boundary of Comox District, on the East by the Straits of Georgia, on the north by the 50th parallel, and on the west by the boundary of the E. & N. Railway Land Grant.

LEONARD H. SOLLY,
Land Commissioner.

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